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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

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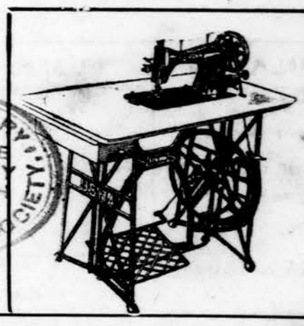

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AIR-INDIA CONSTELLATION FOUND WRECKED

Mishap 700 Feet Below Mont Blanc

PASSENGERS & CREW FEARED KILLED

GENEVA, November 5, (PTI-Reuter).

THE Air-India Constellation "Malabar Princess", missing since Friday with 48 people aboard, was found today, about 700 feet below the tip of 15,781-foot Mont Blanc.

The London Air Operations Director of Air-India, the owners of the plane, had been searching the mountain this afternoon, in a chartered Swiss airliner.

The plane, a complete wreck was spotted by the Swiss plane. First reports did not say whether there was any life.

The wreckage was discovered on the northwest side of Mont Blanc.

The wrecked Constellation was found broken in two. It was feared there were no survivors.

The four-engined plane, bound for Britain with 40 Indian seamen going to join their ship and a crew of eight, was last contacted by radio, just before due to land at Geneva.

RADIO CONTACT LOST

Her British pilot Allen Saint, said he was about to climb to 15,000 from 14,000 feet. Two minutes later radio contact was lost. The plane carried petrol for three hours' flight.

French, Swiss, America, and Italian military and civil planes have been scouring the French-Swiss Alps for two days. Below them Gendarmes, guides, Saint Bernard Monks, cable-railwaymen ski troops, villagers and trappist monks, with divining equipment, have been clambering over the peaks, hoping to find at least some of the plane's passengers alive.

Blindging snowstorms, reducing visibility to only a few feet, hampered the work of men and planes. It had been feared that the thirty inches of snow which has fallen on Mount Blanc in two days would hide the wreckage.

First reports after plane was spotted said it appeared unlikely there could be any survivors.

FRANTIC SEARCH

The search was led by Capt. D. K. Jathar, Air Operations Chief in London of the Air-India Airline, who took his chartered Swiss DC-Three up today, for the second day running.

From the first, he had been convinced that the plane had hit Mont Blanc.

A rescue party from Chamonix has been alerted and is already on its way to the wreckage. Conditions will be extremely difficult because of the deep snow and the danger of avalanches.

Had the "Malabar Princess" not been found today, it would have been covered by snowdrifts within a few days and impossible to find before next spring.

FLIGHT FROM BOMBAY

The airliner flying from Bombay, left Cairo for Geneva at 01-09 G.M.T. on Friday; British veteran pilot, Allen Saint was taking the flying "B Blind" across the clouded snowy Alps when, at 09-27, he signalled to Forlanini near Milan and a few minutes after, to Grenoble in France for a two-directional "fix" of his position.

Saint said he was flying at 210 miles an hour at 14,000 feet and asked for the wind speed which Grenoble gave as about 60 miles per hour.

The weather worsened and nothing more was heard.

From then, the plane's passage through the darkened sky could be traced only by the sound of her engines picked up by the keen ears of the mountain people—at 09-45 over Allevard to the east, at 10-15 over Moutiers further east and at 12-30 over Bourg-Saint-Maurice, still further east. The plane appeared to be using the westerly half gale to carry it more quickly to the better weather of the Italian plan.

At 14-00 three men, working near a window in the Tignes Power Dam building near the Italian frontier heard a plane circling, then silence, followed a few seconds later by two sharp explosions coming from the direction of the Col. Du Mont at 8,000 feet pass, which lies between Tignes and Mont Blanc, 25 miles to the north.

"Like the crack of an avalanche", one said.

"But avalanches don't usually happen until the thaw", the other replied.

Nearby villagers also said they had heard the explosions over 1,000 gavoyards. Then began the search over the whole Alphine region south of Mont Blanc on both sides of the frontier.

Mountain Range In The Sea

LOS ANGLES, Nov. 5, (PTI-Reuter): The discovery of "mid-Pacific mountains"—an underwater range 1,000 miles long, 100 miles wide and upto 14,000 feet high—was announced yesterday.

The submerged range stretches from the Wake Island to Necker Island near the Hawaian group.

The discovery was made by a joint expedition of the University of California Institute of Geophysics and the United States Navy.

No Easy Job To Reach Spot

CHAMONIX (France), Nov. 5 (PTI-Reuter): Fastest climbers from here will need at least until dawn, to rescue any survivors of the Air India's Constellation "Malabar Princess" wrecked at the summit of Mont Blanc who, by then, would have spent three nights in temperatures far below zero.

Non-experts in the rescue party, Doctors, stretcher-bearers and others—will be slower in arriving to help. They could not make the ascent during the night without severe frostbite.

Some Alpine authorities said here tonight that it would be impossible to reach the crash—which by a million to one chance occurred near the slender peak of Europe's highest mountain—for two or three days because of the fresh snow and the risk of avalanches.

U. N. FORCES ESCAPE ENCIRCLEMENT

Mac's H. Q. Draws Gloomy Picture Of Korea

TOKYO, Nov. 5, (PTI-Reuter):

BRITISH and Australian troops today, pulled back four miles and just escaped encirclement after covering a retreat by the United States 24th division in North-West Korea.

Fiercely attacking Communists believed to include the Chinese shock troops had driven round the flank of the 27th Commonwealth Brigade before it withdrew to hold a breachhead across the Chongchon River and behind the small Taehyong river.

The Brigade's sector now forms part of the Kunuri-Sinanju perimeter where the Americans are waging a defensive struggle against North Koreans strongly supported by Chinese Communists.

Reinforcements rushed up from the South enabled the United Nations forces to hold unbroken their hastily formed defence ring in the rugged north-west, despite some local withdrawals. For 48 hours Americans and South Koreans have been warding off determined onslaughts by the Communists—including some in blue uniforms with white piping believed to be crack Chinese units.

GLOOMY PICTURE

A spokesman of General McArthur's Headquarters today, drew the gloomiest picture of the Korea campaign since its early reverses.

At a press briefing, he called attention to last night's Peking radio declaration that the Korea situation was a direct threat to the security of China and that China must assist Korea to protect herself.

He told the correspondents that Chinese and North Korean troops again today threw heavy punches at the hastily formed northwest United Nations defence ring.

Their supplies were coming in from China down narrow and easily-defended defiles, moving from the border to the front-line in a single night, he added.

NEW HAZARDS

American marine fliers from carriers and airfields in North Eastern Korea are meeting two new hazards—heavy snow-storms over northern Korea rugged mountains and "intense and quite accurate anti-aircraft fire" from Communist batteries.

Heavy snowstorms were encountered yesterday when marine carrier-based corsairs ranged the north-eastern mountain areas stretching from Nilchu inland off the east coast to the Pungsan strategic road and rail junction town 65 miles westward.

Peaks as high as 7,000 feet stand in this mountainous region where marine fliers are supporting South Korean troops in their advance against stiffening Communist resistance.

Other marine planes on a reconnaisance flight up the coast line encountered intense and accurate anti-aircraft fire when over airfields near Chongyin just south of Soviet Russia's border with Korea.

NEHRU TALKS TO CHILDREN

Prime Minister Nehru is seen addressing a mammoth gathering of children at Azad Maidan, Bombay, on the occasion of the Silver Jubilee celebrations of the Balkan-ji-Bari.

CHILDREN BE GOOD, SAYS NEHRU

Prime Minister Mobbed By Tiny Tots

BOMBAY, Sunday.

SUITING his diction to the understanding capacity of the many thousand children who had gathered to listen to India's Prime Minister, at Azad Maidan this evening, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru said:

"You children have read in your histories the lives of heroes, the men who distinguished themselves, by acts of supreme courage and sacrifice. The pages of Indian history are bristling with the doughty deeds of its great men. But, have you ever come across the life of any man, being immortalised in history just because he gathered great riches unto himself?

"Even now, in your tender years you as children, must cultivate ambitions higher and nobler than self-gain. What you do must be done well, not for profit, but for general good. Remember that all the heroes of the world, were once children like you. Even Mahatma Gandhi, was once a child."

Pandit Nehru uttered these words in his address to a mammoth gathering of children in connection with the Silver Jubilee Celebrations of the Balkan-ji-Bari at the Azad Maidan this evening. The Prime Minister surprised the gathering by coming half an hour ahead of scheduled time and walking among the children. Police officials who tried to keep close to Pandit Nehru, so that he may not be mobbed by the children, had a tough time as hundreds of children clustered around him and made it difficult for him to negotiate a way among the thic clusters of the juvenile audience. He was seen smiling gaily and exchanging greetings with some tiny tots. Thrice he climbed the poles with barbed wires in places when it became impossible for him to move. In enterprising lad had managed to fly a kite very near the rostrum and the Prime Minister was seen tugging at it very much to the amusement of the children. while returning to th e rostrum he got so entangled with little boys and girls who were all around him that he scaled the workman's pedestal on which were mounted the sound recorders.

The Prime Minister's speech was preceded by dance and "garba" items by the boys and girls.

ON HISTORY

Children, he said, read not only the history of man but also about the evolution of the animal kingdom into higher and higher forms of life as well as the changes which have come over the geographical features of the earth through thousands of years. But the essence of history was only the ability which it gave men to distinguish between good and evil. What, he asked, was the use of history except that it helped one to construct his own history individually or nationally? An individual life was the unfolding of an individual history, while the history of a nation was the unfolding of the possibilities of that nation.

He told the children, "If you are good, you will go down in history and your children and grand children and generations of children in the dim and remote future will remember you with pride and gratitude. Otherwise, you will have come and gone and you will be forgotten leaving no trace behind you".

Today, the name of Mahatma Gandhi was on everyone's lips on account of his unique life and service. He was a maker of history. The history of this son of India had become now a chapter in world history of contemporary times but children should remember, that even such a great man was at one time a child like themselves. The history of a hero was the history of the growth of a child, his gradual gathering of the powers to do good.

UNITY IN DIVERSITY

Speaking about the variety and diversity which characterised the subcontinent of India, the Prime Minister said that the geographical panorama of the country was one of endless colour and changes from snow-clad Kashmir to Cape Comorin. It was true that the costumes of the people varied. their eating habits differed and they

(Continued on Page 5)

They Are Rulers Still

LUCKNOW, November 5 (PTI): The Government of India have sent a circular to the State Governments that the Rulers of the Merged States should not be referred to as "ex-Rulers" or "former Rulers."

Under the various agreements and covenants executed by the Rulers, it is pointed out that the Rulers are entitled to be called Rulers of the respective States and this style is also recognised by the Constitution of India.

The expression ex-Rulers or former Rulers can be used in the case of those who have ceased to be Rulers by abdication or otherwise.

CAPT. KOREGAONKAR'S FAMILY SHOCKED

They Lost Him On His Birthday

THANA, Nov. 5 (H.S.):—Captain Shri Vijay Koregaonkar, one of the unfortunate members of the crew of the Air-India aircraft 'Malabar Princess' which has been reported to be missing for the last four days, hails from Thana. Born on October 31, 1925, he studied upto Intermediate Science in the R. Ruia College, Matunga. At the age of 18, he joined the Indian Air Force during the last war. In 1946, he joined Air India and acquired his training in Holland and England with distinction. With the commencement of Air India's International Air Service, he was transferred to it and shouldered all responsibility for Constellation flights between Cairo and London.

Shri Koregaonkar has aged parents and two younger brothers. In an interview with the special correspondent of Hindusthan Samachar, Shri Koregaonkar's father who is a retired Income-tax Officer revealed that the report of the mishap to the 'Malabar Princess' shocked the family the more as they were celebrating the birthday of their son who had sent five photoprints, being unable to come home personally.

Shri Koregaonkar is six feet tall and strongly built and has so far had five or six escapes from accidents.

The Migrants

CALCUTTA, Nov. 5 (PTI).—During the past 24 hours 5,086 Hindus and 2,698 Muslims arrived in West Bengal from Eastern Pakistan by rail and 6,365 Hindus and 2,555 Muslims left, states a West Bengal Government Press note issued today.

Cairo Against Sudan Referendum

CAIRO, Nov. 5 (PTI-Reuter).—The Egyptian Government is against a referendum in the Sudan to decide the country's future, a statement issued after a Cabinet meeting by Hamed Zaki, Minister of State, said today.

"A referendum is tantamount to accepting the principle of partition between Egypt and the Sudan", it added.

Rs. 27 Lakhs For Assam Relief

SHILLONG, November 5 (PTI): Collections to the Governor's Assam Earthquake Relief Fund now amounts to Rs. 27 lakhs, it is learnt.

TIBETAN LEADERS UNDECIDED

Parliament Still In Session

DELEGATION ASKED NOT TO PROCEED TO PEKING

NEW DELHI, Nov. 5, (PTI-Reuter).

THE Dalai Lama's Government have instructed the Tibetan Delegation to Peking, now in Kalimpong, to pick up their kit and not to proceed to Peking in view of the latest developments, according to information which the Government of India received today from their representative in Lhasa.

After a week's silence, Lhasa came through today, and the Indian Government's representative, in a report to the Foreign Office, was understood to have stated that there was great excitement and tension on in Lhasa.

PARLIAMENT'S HEADACHE

The Tibetan Parliament has been practically in continuous session for the past one week now, debating as to what to do in the face of the Chinese invasion. After the fall of Chamdo, a Tibetan frontier town, there has been no further operational news but, according to reports, received in Lhasa yesterday (Saturday) Chinese forces are regrouping.

The Dalai Lama and the Regent were reported to be still in Lhasa till yesterday (Saturday) afternoon when the report was received.

INDIA'S NOTE TO CHINA

The Government of India, it will be recalled, in their note dated October 30 to the Peoples Government of China had disapproved the Chinese invasion of Tibet and had stated that "in view of these developments, the Government of India are no longer in a position to advise the Tibetan Delegation to proceed to Peking unless the Chinese Government thinks it fit to order its troops to halt their advance into Tibet and thus give a chance for peaceful negotiation".

There is no information if the Tibetan issue would be raised before the Security Council of the United Nations. It is understood that the Tibetan Government has been informed that even though India was not bringing up this issue before the Security Council, it was quite competent of Tibet herself to bring the matter before the world tribunal.

Smugglers Bring Down Gold Price

KARACHI, Nov. 5; (PTI): Dealings in ready gold were suspended indefinitely here this week, as gold prices touched new low, owing in part to heavy smuggling of the metal into Pakistan by Arabs, during the week. The prices dropped to Rs. 88-8-0 per tola.

(See Page 7)

TURKISH ENVOY IN MADRID

Diplomatic Relations Resumed

MADRID, Nov. 5 (PTI-Reuter).—Turkey today resumed normal diplomatic relations with Spain when her former Minister to Madrid, Mr. Mehmet Esad Atuner, arrived here by air.

She was the first to do so among United Nations members who had obeyed the Assembly's 1946 resolution ordering the withdrawal of ambassadors from Spain. The resolution was annulled yesterday.

About a dozen nations, including Argentine, Brazil, Peru and Egypt who had disregarded the order already have heads of missions here.

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Wanted men and women to work in spare time. Apply immediately Box No. 2205 "Bombay Chronicle."

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For Sale: 25 Hand Looms of following particulars: Reed Space—96", Shuttle Box Length—32", Overall Length—162", Cloth Roller Length—110", Adjustable Take-up Motion 4 Treadles, Fly Shuttles. These are suitable for Coarse Cotton Cloth, Wool Blankets, Rugs, etc. Please contact the Chief Engineer, Raymond Woollen Mills, Ltd., Thana, on any working day. (9019)

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MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Just arrived! Swiss Jacquard Art Silk fabrics! Seven alluring colours 60" width Lovely for curtains Call at Raval Tiles and Marble Ltd., 97A, Queen's Road, Bombay 1. (6778A)

PUBLIC NOTICES

INDIAN INTERNATIONAL ENGINEERING EXHIBITION.

FROM JANUARY 10TH TO FEBRUARY 8TH, 1951.

EXHIBITS ARE REQUIRED to demonstrate the methods used in India for the construction of buildings and roads. Sanitary and water supply fittings, Electric fittings, Cooking and washing appliances, air conditioning and refrigerating equipment, built-in and moveable furniture of various kinds, other household appliances and labour saving devices will constitute useful exhibits. Materials used in different parts of building construction, methods of construction and machinery required for building construction are also proposed to be exhibited. Those interested in exhibiting their materials, appliances, fittings, constructional devices and machinery are requested to apply for space in the "IDEAL HOME BLOCK" of the exhibition, to the Superintending Engineer, Planning Circle, Central P.W.D., 'L' Block, New Delhi.

(9038)

WANTED

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the following temporary posts which should reach the undersigned by the 18th November, 1950. Dearness and other allowances admissible in addition to pay according to rules in force:

1. CHIEF ARCHITECTURAL DRAFTSMAN. One post in the grade of Rs. 300-20-500. Qualifications: Diploma from the J. J. School of Architecture Bombay or equivalent Institute. Experience: Five years in an Architectural or Planning Office. Higher pay according to qualifications and experience.

2. SENIOR ARCHITECTURAL DRAFTSMAN. One post in the grade of Rs. 250-10-350. Qualifications: As for Chief Architectural Draftsman. Architectural Draftsman qualified from Delhi Polytechnic will also be considered.

3. JUNIOR ARCHITECTURAL DRAFTSMAN. One post in the grade of Rs. 200-7-235/9-275. Qualifications: Qualified Dratsman from Delhi Polytechnic, Rasul, or equivalent Institute with five years experience in Architecture.

(Sd.) BRIJMOHAN LAL.
Chief Engineer, Punjab, P.W.D., Buildings and Roads Branch.

(9041)

PUBLIC NOTICES

CHANGE OF TELEPHONE NUMBERS

From 6th November 1950

Our Telephone Numbers will be

70547 and 70548

POWELLS LIMITED,
BOMBAY 4.

(9040)

MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the appointment of Clearing and Forwarding Agents at main Indian ports (Bombay, Madras and Calcutta) for receiving, Clearing and Forwarding of fertilisers to be imported by the Government of India, Ministry of Agriculture, New Delhi, during the period from 1st January, 1951 to 31st December, 1951.

2. A flat rate for the following items should be clearly stated. By "flat rate" is meant one charge for the 4 items given below:—

(1) Clearing charges.
(2) Storage, stacking and loading F. O. R. charges.
(3) Reconditioning and rebagging charges where necessary.
(4) Remuneration for services rendered.

In order to enable tenderers to get correct appreciation of the work involved, the above mentioned items are amplified below:—

(i) By "clearing charges" is meant the charges to be incurred on the removal of goods from Port Trust premises to the Agents godowns. This also includes Lloyds Survey Fees, Fees for chemical analysis etc. The payment of the Port Trust dues will be made by the Government direct to the Port Trust authorities and as such clearing charges are exclusive of these dues.

(ii) By storage, stacking and loading F.O.R. charges is meant the charges for stacking, storing of goods in the Agent's godowns and loading F.O.R. inclusive of charges incidental to weighment of goods such as obtaining a clean Railway Receipts, weigh-bridge certificate before loading into Railway wagons. Generally the consignments which are received in packed condition are to be despatched direct from docks to the consignees in accordance with prior despatch instructions. The Agents will however be expected to provide storage accommodation for a maximum quantity of 10,000 tons at a time throughout the period of the contract within the "flat rate".

(iii) By reconditioning and rebagging charges, is meant the charges incidental to stitching bags received in torn and damaged condition, cost of gunnies used for rebagging or overbagging of badly torn and damaged original packing in order to make it fit for despatch. The flat rate should be considered to include rebagging to the extent of 2 p. c. of the total, consignment. Any quantity rebagged/overbagged over and above 2 p. c. will be paid for by Government at actuals.

3. Quantities to be handled spread over the period indicated above may be upto about 50,000 tons at each main port. Government of India will not be responsible for any demurrage charges that may have to be paid at the port for any delays.

4. Tenderers must produce satisfactory evidence of their financial soundness and ability to handle this type of work.

5. Other things being equal, preference will be given to those who have actual experience of clearing and forwarding of fertilisers and who have an organization well equipped for distribution of these chemicals.

6. Each tender must be accompanied by a treasury challan for Rs. 10,000 as earnest money. This amount will be refunded to the unsuccessful tenderers. In addition, each tenderer must furnish a satisfactory guarantee from a Scheduled Bank that he has adequate financial standing for purposes of carrying out the terms of the contract offered to him and that the Bank will secure the Government of India to the extent of claims upto Rs. 50,000 arising against the agents due to any default or negligence in carrying out the Clearing and Forwarding Agency work.

7. The Government of India are not bound to accept the lowest or any tender or to give reasons for such non-acceptance.

8. Persons whose tenders are finally accepted by Government will be required to sign a legal Agreement on stamped paper.

9. There is no prescribed form for the submission of tenders. Tenders may be submitted in the tenderer's own letter head furnishing clearly all particulars required above.

10. Tenders must reach the undersigned by name in sealed covers marked "C and F Tenders" on left hand side by the 20th November, 50 at the latest.

S. T. RAJA.
Deputy Secretary

(9013)

PUBLIC NOTICES

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

THE BANK will be CLOSED on THURSDAY and FRIDAY, the 9th and 10th November, 1950, those days being Public Holidays (DIWALI) under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

H. N. W. LAUGHLAND,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.
Bombay, 31st October, 1950.

(9042)

NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase o various used articles from the India United Mills Ltd., No. 1 Mill, Nos. 2 and 3 Mills, No. 4 Mill, No. 5 Mill and Dye Works which will be received upto 15-11-50 at the Registered Office, Indu House, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay. Tender forms can be obtained from this office.

(9043)

G.I.P. RAILWAY TENDERS.

THE GENERAL MANAGER, G.I.P. Railway, V.T., Bombay, invites tenders for the supply of Burma Teak squares. Form obtainable from the Controller of Stores, G.I.P. Railway, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, at Rs. 2|- per copy, not refundable. Money order or Cash only. Closing date 5-12-1950 at 3-00 p.m. (S.T.)

(9017)

LEGAL NOTICES

HIGH COURT

O. O. C. J.

M. J. Suit No. 1466 of 1950.

SUSHILA R. LOWLEKAR ..... Plaintiff

vs.

RAMKRISHNA J. LOWLEKAR. ..... Defendant.

To

SHREE RAMKRISHNA JAGANNATH LOWLEKAR.

The Defendant abovenamed.

WHEREAS the abovenamed Plaintiff has instituted the above suit against you for a decree of dissolution of her marriage with you and for payment of costs of the suit and for other reliefs.

You are hereby summoned to appear in this Court on the 5th day of December 1950 at 11 O'clock in person or by an advocate duly instructed by an attorney of this Court and as the day fixed for your appearance is for the final disposal of the suit you must produce all your witnesses on that day AND TAKE NOTICE that in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Witness MAHOMEDALLI CURRIM CHAGLA, Esquire, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 1st day of November, 1950.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

A. R. NARAYAN AYYAR,
For Prothonotary & Senior Master.

Messrs. GOKHALE KALE & CO.,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

(9039)

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UNDER-DEVELOPED COUNTRIES

U.N. To Study Use Of National Incomes

LAKE SUCCESS, Nov. 4 (PTI): The United Nations will make a detailed study of how under-developed countries use their national incomes, according to a resolution passed last night by the United Nations Economic Committee. Special attention will be paid to the amount spent to meet foreign commitments. By a vote 30 to zero with eight abstentions, the Committee asked the Secretary-General to prepare the necessary material for an economic and social council report for use at the next Assembly session on how the economically backward areas used their national incomes.

Arab Leaguer Addresses U. N. Assembly

FLUSHING MEADOW, Nov. 4 (PTI-Reuter): The Secretary-General of Arab League, Abdul Rahman Azzam Pasha, addressed the United Nations General Assembly yesterday for the first time.

Thanking the Assembly for its decision to extend an invitation to the Secretary-General of the Arab League, Azzam Pasha said the League represented 50 million people in the Arab world, which stretched from the Atlantic to the Indian Ocean. The Arab League was not imbued with any racial on religious prejudices, he said. It would continue to work towards peace and co-operation with all who sought this co-operation honestly and peacefully.

FRENCH DOUBT SOVIET SINCERITY

PARIS, Nov. 4 (PTI-Reuter): Russia's latest invitation to America, Britain and France to discuss the "unification of Germany" and withdrawal of occupation troops was received with scepticism in French diplomatic circles.

A French Foreign Office spokesman said today "as the Prime Minister Rene Pleven said last week, France is always willing to meet and discuss the possible solution of international problems with Russia but between invitations to meetings and sincere intentions to promote peace there is a gap."

In view of Russia's support of aggression in Korea and elsewhere one is entitled to doubt the sincerity of the motives underlying the latest Russian note.

It is expected that the French Government will consult with the United States and British Governments before drafting its reply.

LONDON NEWSLETTER

Britons Regret Chinese Invasion Of Tibet

LONDON CAUTIOUS

(From Our Correspondent)
LONDON, (By Air)

CHINA is not likely to collect bouquets for her military action in Tibet. For the present there is little tendency in this country to throw bricks at Chinese leaders, but there is general regret at their action.

Peking appears to have ignored the fact that military action, far from solving the problem of Tibet, would make it more complicated. What the consequences of the military action will be, it is difficult to say. But definitely it has not advanced the cause of Chinese-Tibetan friendship.

To those who expected New China to give a lead to the world in the solution of problems by negotiation, her action would be a great disappointment. But what is feared is that her ill-advised action may add to the complexities of the international situation.

NO WARRANT

It has been suggested that Chinese action is due to the fear that "imperialist Powers" might use Tibet as a base for attack on Russia or China. There would seem to me no warrant for this fear. The only country adjoining Tibet is India. China cannot seriously suggest that India has imperialist designs on Tibet. There may be forces in Tibet working for outside Powers. But is not Chinese action likely to strengthen these forces. They may accuse China of aggression and bring up the question before the Security Council and thus pave the way for United Nations intervention.

BRITISH REACTION

There is little doubt about London's strong disapproval of China's action, but so far there is little tendency to characterise it as aggression.

Since Indians assumed the control of their own country they have shown feelings of warmest friendship for China. Friendship between India and China, says the Delhi correspondent of the Times, has been the cornerstone of India's foreign policy. "In Mr. Nehru's view", he says, the progress of Asian nationalism depends on a firm understanding between India and China which alone can prevent the continent of Asia from passing through internecine strife into chaos.

The "Manchester Guardian", says Nehru has staked much on the possibility of a close Sino-Indian partnership in the future. In London it was expected the men of Peking would show appreciation of Nehru's friendship and not seek to solve the problem of Tibet by force. That is why the diplomatic quarters here tended to regard the first reports of Chinese military action against Tibet as a move in a war of nerves.

WHY THIS ATTACK?

Why did China act in the manner she has acted? The time chosen for military operations could not be considered propitious even from Chinese point of view. Troops have got to move over vast military stretches of snow clad mountains to reach their objectives. Besides, a few months ago India obtained formal assurance from Peking that the Tibetan issue would not be forced and that a settlement would be negotiated with Tibetan spokesmen. Why did she then ignore her promise?

A theory is advanced that China took action to keep the morale of Communists in South East Asia, badly hit by the failure in Korea.

It is also suggested that having been subjected to pressure, China feels a war is almost unavoidable and wants to consolidate her internal position before it is too late. The temper of the Chinese people, according to Alan Winnington, Peking correspondent of the "Daily Worker", is reaching the boiling point as foreign troops approach the Manchurian border.

"The Chinese people", he says, "realise that the peace they long for in order to continue peaceful construction cannot be had at the price of allowing Americans to fortify Formosa and Korea for future attacks which would jeopardise all they are doing".

It is true Americans have not shown much friendship for New China. Their support of Chiang Kai-Shek has been unfortunate. Still there is no warrant for the belief that America contemplates a war against China. Fear does not behove a great nation like the Chinese. But military action in Tibet, far from strengthening the position of China, will weaken it. The people of Tibet cherish their autonomy and it would not be wise to interfere with it.

RUSSIA'S NOTE ON ISSUE OF REARMING GERMANY

Meeting Of "Big Four" Suggested

LONDON, November 5, (P.T.I.-Reuter).

THE official Soviet news agency, Tass, published early today the text of the identical Soviet note to the Western powers suggesting a "Big Four" conference on Germany.

The notes were handed to the Ambassadors of Britain, the United States and France when they called separately at the Soviet Ministry of Foreign Affairs on Friday evening. Running into about 260 words, the note was one of the shortest sent by the Soviet Union to the Western powers.

The Soviet note, according to Tass, said "on the instructions of the Soviet Government, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the U.S.S.R. has the honour to state the following:

On September 19 of this year, a communique about the New York conference of Foreign Ministers of the United States, Great Britain and France on German problems was published. It can be seen from the communique that the main question of the conference of the three Ministers was the question of creating a German army, the question of remilitarising of Western Germany.

EAST EUROPE'S RESOLUTION

"On October 20 to 22, a conference of Foreign Ministers of the USSR, Albania, Bulgaria, Czschoslovakia, Poland, Rumania, Hungary and the German Democratic Republic was held in Prague, as a result of which a communique was published containing proposals aimed, in accordance with the Potsdam Agreement, at a peaceful settlement for Germany at the earliest possible time and at carrying out the demilitarisation of Germany."

"The Soviet Government are in full agreement with these proposals as well as with the whole of the Prague statement.

"The Soviet Government considers the questions which are mentioned in the communique of the Foreign Minister of the U.S.A., Great Britain and France of September 19 and also in the Prague statement to be of the greatest importance in the safeguarding of international peace and security, and of Europe and particularly the interests of nations which suffered under Hitler's aggression".

PURPOSE

"Taking into account the serious importance of the question of fulfilling the decision of the Potsdam Conference on the demilitarisation of Germany and also the difference in the positions of the four powers occupying Germany on these problems, the Soviet Government considers it necessary to discuss those questions without delay. For this purpose the Soviet Government is submitting the proposal to call the Council of Foreign Ministers of the United States of America, Great Britain, France and the USSR to consider the question of fulfilling the Potsdam Agreement on the demilitarisation of Germans".

Tass said that the Soviet Government hoped to receive the replies of the three Western Governments "as soon as possible".

Tass added that Mr. Andrei Gromyko, Soviet Acting Foreign Minister, who received the Envoys, handed to them the text of the statement made by the Prague conference of the East European Foreign Ministers.

STASSEN ATTACKS TRUMAN

Chinese Reds Too Much "Coddled"

CONNECTICUT, Nov. 5, (PTI-Reuter):— American Republican leader Harold E. Stassan, in a strongly worded attack on the Truman administration, charged last night that it had "coddled" the Chinese Communists with the results that American troops were now suffering their highest casualties in Korea.

In a nation-wide broadcast immediately after Mr. Truman had completed his election broadcast from St. Louis, Missouri, Mr. Stassan said: "Thousands of young American men are locked in bloody battle with hundred thousand Chinese Communists in the rugged mountains of North Korea".

The Republican presidential candidate declared that American casualties this week were higher than in any week since the start of the Korean War.

"I solemnly charge that this is the direct and terrible result of five years of building of the Chinese Communist strength through the blinded, bewildered American Asiatic policy under our present national administration", he continued. "It has been five years of coddling the Chinese Communists, five years of undermining General MacArthur, five years of snubbing friendly, freedom loving Asiatics, five years of appeasing the arch Communist, Mao Tse Tung."

Telegraph Holiday On November 9

DELHI, Nov. 5: On account of Diwali, November 9, will be observed as a telegraph holiday, the Director General of Post and Telegraphs announced today.

Inland telegrams at ordinary rates will not be accepted on that day.

INDO-PAKISTAN PACT VIOLATIONS

U.P. Press Consultative Body Discusses Issue

LUCKNOW, November 5, (PTI): The U. P. Press Consultative Committee which met here on Thursday last discussed the cases of breach of Indo-Pakistan agreement and Press Code by newspapers in Uttar Pradesh and dceided to issue a circular to the newspaper emphasising the need of its observance.

Mr. S. N. Ghosh, Editor of "The Pioneer" presided.

The Committee also suggested to the Government to issue a friendly warning to the papers which published items or comments involving breach of the agreement and the Press Code.

BUDDHA'S IMAGE AS PRESENT TO U.N.

TOKYO, Nov. 5 (PTI-Reuter): Japanese Budddhists are to present a ten-foot image of Buddha, dedicated to peace, to the United Nations headquarters, according to the Kyodo News Agency. The image, which has taken a Japanese artist three years to carve, will be dedicated at a Tokyo temple before it leaves for Flushing Medow.

Big Fire In Hampshire

HAMPSHIRE, Nov. 5 (PTI-Reuter) Several hundred army vehicles, among them a number of tanks, were reported destroyed by a fierce fire here last night.

Petrol tanks on the vehicles exploded. A hundred firemen from all over the area fought for three hours before quelling the blaze.

Unofficial estimates put the number of destroyed vehicles at 'several hundred' but the full extent of damage will not be officially known until later.

A corrugated iron and steel building one thousand feet long and six hundred feet wide, in which the fire started was completely destroyed.

NO VISA FOR U.N. MAGAZINE EDITOR

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5, (PTI-Reuter): The American State Department has announced that Mr. Louis Dolivet, Editor of the unofficial United Nations World Magazine, who is now in Europe will probably be denied permission to re-enter the United States.

Mr. Dolivet is a Rumanian born French citizen. Mr. Michael McDermutt, State Department Press Officer said that Mr. Dolviet's United Nations contract had expired on October 31, and had not been renewed.

American embassies abroad had been advised Mr. McDermutt said, not to grant the United Nations type of visa to Mr. Dolivet.

If he should apply for the visa granted to ordinary travellers it would probably be denied "for unannounced reasons."

U.N. Stand In Korea Commended

RAJKOT, Nov. 5 (PTI): Mr. M. C. Chagla, Chief Justice of Bombay said here yesterday the stand of the United Nations against aggression in Korea was a laudable one and it demonstrated to the world that the organisation stood for the preservation of peace.

Mr. Chagla who was addressing a meeting of the Rajkot Rotary Club said that the United Nations should work in the direction of social justice and advancement of human right.

Puerto Rican Women Voters Register

SAN JUAN (Puerto Ricco, Nov. 5 (PTI-Reuter): Puerto Ricco women voters went to register yesterday at 1600 different places in the island in the most peaceful day since the Nationalist revolt against American rule started six days ago.

The women registered as a preliminary to the referendum to be held on June 1, next year by which the people of Puerto Ricco will accept or reject United States proposals giving them the right to draw up their own Constitution and form their own constitutional government.

The Bill providing for these changes was signed by President Truman on July 3. Men will register today.

Japanese Ex-Premier Dead

TOKYO, Nov. 5 (PTI-Reuter): Former Japanese Premier General Kuniaki Koiso who was serving a sentence of life imprisonment as a major war criminal at Sugama prison here died in hospital yesterday aged 70. He had been ill for some time.

PEPSU PRESSMEN'S GRIEVANCES

PATIALA, Nov. 5, (PTI): An assurance to guarantee all privileges due to Pressmen in PEPSU was given here yesterday by Sardar Gian Singh Rarewala Chief Minister of PEPSU.

The Chief Minister was told by pressmen that they were being treated as members of the criminal tribes in PEPSU and no facilities of any nature had been given to them in the discharge of their legitimate duties.

More 'Mechanisms' To Stop Aggression

JITTERY YUGOSLAVIA'S PLEA TO U.N.

LAKE SUCCESS, Nov. 5, (PTI-Reuter).

YUGOSLAVIA, fearful of an attack by her Communist neighbours, yesterday asked the United Nations to adopt extra guarantees against aggression under the guise of self-defence.

Mr. Edward Kardelj Yugoslav Foreign Minister, proposed to the General Assembly's Political Committee that States engaged in armed conflict automatically declare their willingness to cease-fire within twenty-four hours of the outbreak of hostilities, begin troops withdrawal and conclude a truce before the United Nations steps in.

The Yugoslav proposals are designed to bring about prompt world recognition of an aggression.

The party refusing to act in accordance with the automatic obligation would thereby assume the responsibility for prolonging the war and would unmask itself before the world as the perpetrator of aggression", Mr. Kardelj explained.

If the Yugoslav proposals were adopted, he said a new principle of international law would have been established.

Delegates from Britain, Australia, Egypt and Costa Rica expressed sympathy and appreciation for the Yugoslav move. But all felt that in its present form it left several loopholes for aggressors, who could easily make public statements and at the same time continue with their aggression.

Sir Frank Soskice of Britain, said his Government had "every sympathy" for the anxieties of the Yugoslav peoples which led them to seek additional mechanism to stop aggression.

The provision for issuing a public statement within twenty-four hours might well play directly into the hands of an aggressor State, he said.

He added that the British delegation would reserve final judgment until the end of the debate.

The Committee then adjourned.

Digitized with Indira Gandhi Kendra from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

CITY & SUBURBS

TODAY

Hindu: Asoe Vad 11 2006
Muslim: Moharram 25 1369
Parsi: Khordad 5 1320
Sunrise 6-41 A. M., Sunset 6.4 P. M.
Hightide 08-31, 21-28, Lowtide 02-14, 15-13

Today's Engagements

BALKAN-JI-BARI: Pandit Nehru's address, Sunderabai Hall, 10 a.m.

8-30 CLUB": Address by Pandit Nehru at Taj at 4 p.m.

CHILDREN'S WEEK: Nehru's address at 5-40 p.m. at the Elphinstone Technical High School at Dhobitalao.

BALABHAI NANAVATI HOSPITAL: Pandit Nehru's visit at 8-30 a.m.

BERNARD SHAW memorial session, Town Hall, 6 p.m.

VARIETY CONCERT, of the students of the Tata Institute of Social Sciences, St. Xavier's College Hall, 6-15 p.m.

Compulsion Of Providing Industrial Housing

BOMBAY, Saturday.

The Government of Bombay has made it compulsory for industrialists to provide housing facilities for at least 25 per cent of the labour they will employ at their new undertakings.

It has directed that land grants should be made and non-agricultural permission for industrial purposes should be granted only on the condition in addition to the usual conditions that such facilities would be provided for at least 25 per cent of the labour and that labour quarters would be completed along with the factory building.

Village Panchayats Act Amendment Published

BOMBAY, Saturday.

After receipt of assent of the Governor, the Bombay Village Panchayats (Amendment) Act 1950, has been published in the Bombay Government Gazette, of November 3.

The Act empowers panchayats to remove obstructions and encroachments on public property and to incur expenditure up to Rs. 25 on any public reception, ceremony, entertainment and exhibition, within their respective jurisdictions. It also makes provision for the levy of fees on markets and village bazars by Panchayats.

Compensation To Injured Workers

BOMBAY, Saturday.

A total amount of Rs. 18,42,259 was paid to workers in Bombay State as compensation, during the year 1949 under the Workmen's Compensation Act, according to the annual report on the working of the Act. The amount paid during the preceding year was Rs. 17,39,208.

NEHRU IN CITY

Picture shows a group of children greeting Pandit Nehru on arrival from Delhi at Santa Cruz Air Port.

WARM RECEPTION AT AIRPORT

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Prime Minister Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru arrived in Bombay in a special Indian Air Force dakota plane from Delhi at 11 a.m. today. He was accompanied by Mr. Khurshed Lal, Deputy Minister for Communications.

Pandit Nehru who was dressed in brown sherwan, was greeted by the Chief Minister of Bombay, Mr. B. G. Kher, Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister and other Ministers of the Bombay Government; Major-Gen. D.S. Brar, GOC., Bombay Area, Rear-Admiral G. Barnard, Rear-Admiral Commanding of the Indian Naval Squadron Commodore H.R. Inigo-Jones, Commodore-in-Charge of the Indian Naval Establishments in Bombay, Mrs. Krishna Hutheesing, Rana D. Shumshere Jung Bahadur, Controller of Aerodromes, Bombay, Mr. F.I. Rahimtoola, Shariff of Bombay, Mr. M.M. Chudasama, Commissioner of Police, Bombay, Mr. M.D. Bhatt, Chief, Secretary, Bombay Government, Mr. Joachim Alva, M.P., and Mr. J.R.D. Tata.

A large number of Balkan-ji-Bari children carrying placards greeted the Prime Minister at the airport. They raised cries of "Jawaharlal Nehru ki Jai". The Prime Minister was garlanded by B. G. Kher, President of the Balkan-ji-Bari, and presented the Prime Minister with a badge of the Balkan-ji-Bari.

After chatting with the children for five minutes the Prime Minister left for the Government House.

NEHRU TO OPEN GLIDERDROME

POONA, Nov. 5, (UPI): Immediately after opening the gliderdrome at Fursungi near Poona, on November 7, India's Prime Minister Pandit Nehru, is expected to go up in the air in one of the gliders the UPI learnt here today.

The gliderdrome at Fursungi is one of the largest gliderdromes in Asia. At 1 p.m. on the same day, he will lunch with the members of the Indian Gliders' Association at the Poona Club, and is expected to fly back direct to Delhi an hour later.

Pandit Nehru, who is President of the Council of Scientific and Industrial Research will, durng his brief stay in Poona, visit the National Chemical Laboratory, and note the progress made since its inauguration by him early in January this year.

Allowance For Displaced Destitute Women

BOMBAY, Saturday.

The last date for receipt of applications for the grant of maintenance allowance under the Union Government's scheme to destitutes, widows, etc. who depend entirely upon the income from their properties in Pakistan, is November 30, 1950. No applications will be entertained after that date.

Displaced persons who are eligible for maintenance allowance under the scheme, may apply to Camp Commanders in case they are residing in Relief Camps. Others should send in their applications to the Director of Rehabilitation in case they are residing in Bombay City or the Bombay Suburban District and to Collectors in case they are in the mofussil.

Uttar Pradesh's Governor Mr. Homi P Modi declared here today that the local administrations should be self-supporting. He also emphasised that the local bodies should collect their dues conscientiously and should explore fresh sources of revenue.

HELP FOR KASHMIR FLOOD VICTIMS

Mr. Morarji Desai's Appeal

THE following appeal for aid to the flood victims of Jammu and Kashmir has been issued by Shri Morarji Desai, Chairman of the Jammu and Kashmir Flood Relief Committee (Bombay State):

"Very little is known outside the flood-affected areas of Jammu and Kashmir of the devastation brought upon a large part of the country by the unprecedented rains which fell on the night of September 16 and continued for 90 hours. They caused extensive floods and have created a problem of great magnitude for the Jammu and Kashmir Government. So severe and extensive was the downpour, and so complete the interruption of normal life, that the Government declared a state of emergency.

"In Jammu alone there was a loss of 137 human lives among the marooned population, while nearly 3,000 heads of live-stock were destroyed. Over 18,000 houses collapsed or were seriously damaged, while foodstock losses were exceptionally severe. In many places cultivation has been completely washed away.

"The Government of Jammu and Kashmir has yet to complete its survey of the results of this disaster in the Kashmir Valley. These will be greater still. For the moment the Government and the people are busy pooling individual and State resources in an effort to resusciate the paralysed life of the peoples in the affected areas, before winter sets in and holds up relief operations.

"It is the duty of everyone of us to help the stricken victims of the floods in Jammu and Kashmir as much as we can, and as Chairman of the Jammu and Kashmir Flood Relief Committee (Bombay State) I issue this appeal on grounds of humanity. Each one of us who can should contribute by gifts of money, warm clothing, or help in any other shape and form to the relief of the distressed sufferers."

A meeting of the Committee was held at 4 p.m. on Saturday at the Bombay Secretariat and the following were elected office-bearers: Shri Govindjee G. Sunderjee, Mrs. A. N. Haksar and Shri Homi J. H. Talyarkhan as Joint Secretaries; Sir Behram N. Karanji, Treasurer.

Shri S. K. Patil was unanimously voted Vice-Chairman.

Procurement Of Foodgrains

DEPUTATION TO WAIT ON MINISTER

POONA, Nov. 5 (UPI): A demand, that there should be separate authorities for the collection of revenue and for the procurement of grains and that procurement and facilities like tagavi etc. should not be inter-dependent, will be put forward by a Socialist deputation when it waits on Bombay's Civil Supplies Minister, Shri Dinkarrao Desai, tomorrow, at the Bombay Secretariat.

The deputation, which will be led by Shri Peter Alvares, M.L.A., Bombay, will submit a memorandum to the Minister which states:

"The Socialist Party has a firm belief in controlled economy and as such it is their policy to help procurement of foodgrains. However, so long as the present policy and methods of procurement are in vogue, government will fail to enlist enthusiastic and voluntary support of the peasants. Unless government adopt proper measures on the lines suggested in the memorandum it would be very difficult for government to make much headway in their procurement drive in the next season."

The memorandum inter ali suggests that (1) The method of anewari should be made more scientific; (2) Quota of grain for personal consumption should be increased; (3) The levy charged should be based on factual information and should be exhibited and time be given for making suggestions or raising objections; (4) Declaration of stocks should be compulsory only for those who possess more stock than allowed for personal consumption, (5) Only such grain as is surplus to the need of the village, should be removed; and (6) The price cut enforced from last year should be restored.

FOOD POSITION IN BIHAR GRAVE

Munshi's Admission

PATNA, November 4 (PTI): Mr. K. M. Munshi, Food Minister of India, said here this morning that the Central Government were fully aware of the gravity of the food situation in Bihar. The Government were doing their best to relieve the food crisis, the Minister said.

Addressing a group of Congressmen of the State at Sadaquat Ashram, Headquarters of the Bihar Provincial Congress Committee, Mr. Munshi wanted that Congressmen also should rise to the occasion. Instead of indulging in talks and public criticism of the Government they should do some solid work. They should try to organise relief throughout the state and co-operate with the Government to meet the situation.

Mr. Munshi said that most of the states were having food deficit but "the position in Bihar is, no doubt, grave."

The Government of India had their own difficulties and it was not possible to import foodgrains on a large scale. Still they were alert and doing their best to render all possible help, the Minister said.

Night Temperature Will Fall In U.P.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Nov. 5 (PTI): The following is the daily weather summary for Sunday the November 5, 1950:—

Rainfall has been local in South Hyderabad, Mysore and Travancore-Cochin. A few falls of rain have also been reported from Gangetic West Bengal, Orissa, Chota Nagpur, East Madhya Pradesh, Tamilnad, Rayalaseema and Coastal Andhradesa.

Night temperatures were appreciably below normal in North-west India, North Gujarat, Saurashtra and Cutch and Madhya Bharat. They were markedly above normal in East Hyderabad and South-east Madhya Pradesh.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL THE EVENING OF 6TH. Rainfall will be local in Travancore-Cochin, Tamilnad, Coastal Andhradesa and Coastal Orissa and will occur at a few stations in Mysore, Rayalaseema, East Hyderabad, South-east Madhya Pradesh, Gangetic West Bengal and Assam.

Night temperatures will fall in Uttar Pradesh Madhya Pradesh, Gujarat, Deccan (Desh) and North Hyderabad.

Following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours, with total rainfall from October 1, 1950, and departure from normal recorded at 8-30 hrs. I.S.T. on November 5, 1950:—

Akola 93 59 0 0.1 minus 1.9, Bangalore 81 69 T 11.5 plus 4.6 Baroda 93 55 0 0 minus 1.91, Bhavnagar 94 61 0 0 minus 0.9 Bhopal nil Bhuj 93 61 0 0 minus 0.3 BOMBAY 88 73 0 1.4 minus 1.4 Calcutta 83 73 0.8 9.7 plus 5.0, Cherrapunji 72 56 0 11.3 minus 9.4, Darjiling 61 44 0 2.8 minus 2.8, Delhi 89 55 0 0 minus 0.4, Gwalior — 62 0 0.1 —, Indore 86 — — — —, Jaijur 87 48 0 0 minus 0.5 Jamnagar 94 60 0 0 —, Lucknow — 57 0 0.1 minus 1.2, Madras 87 76 6.2 minus 8.9, Mussoorie 64 47 0 0 minus 1.2, Mysore 83 69 0 4.6 minus 1.9, Nagpur 90 59 0 0.5 minus 1.9 Ootacamund 65 52 0 9.2 plus 0.1, Pachmarhi 78 48 0 0.2 minus 2.2, Patiala 89 53 0 0 —, Patna 89 63 0 0 minus 2.3, Poona 93 62 0 2.8 minus 1.0 Rajkot — 59 0 0 minus 0.6, Ranchi 82 — — — —, Shillong 68 55 0 6.1 minus 1.4, Simla 60 42 0 0.3 minus 1.0 Trivandrum 89 74 0 7.2 minus 5.2 Udaipur 88 48 0 0 minus 0.6.

CAMPAIGNING FOR NEHRU COSTS 600 MAN-HOURS

Cambridge Scientist Gives Figures

LONDON, Nov. 5 (PTI-Reuter): Campaigning for Pandit Nehru's candidature to chancellorship of the Cambridge University has cost 600 man-hours to fifty of his supporters.

This was learned today from a Cambridge scientist after the official announcement yesterday that the Indian Prime Minister would not be standing election to this office.

Pandit Nehru's supporters, including undergraduates had addressed as many as 28,000 envelopes enclosing leaflets supporting his candidature to Cambridge alumni entitled to vote in the election.

"We calculate this task would have taken 800 man-hours to complete", the Cambridge scientist said.

The leaflet stated: "We do not wish to deny or detract from the deep obligation this country owes to Lord Tedder (Marshal of the Air Force and the only other candidate for the chancellorship) during the late war, but Pandit Nehru, as Prime Minister of India, has it in his power to offer to a world distracted by hate and prejudice services incomparably more valuable and more pacific than lie within the grasp of any other Cambridge man at this time.

"We ask members of the university to offer to Pandit Nehru, who is a scholar as well as a statesman, the office of Chancellor as a mark of admiration of his qualities of character and intellect, and as a sign of our hope for and trust in a peaceful reconciliation of the different races and creeds of mankind".

Among the signatories to the leaflet was Lord Pethic-Lawrence.

W. Europe's Peace Appeal

ROME Nov. 4 (PTI-Reuter): The Council of Europe Committee of Ministers, executive organ of Western Europe's Strasbourg "Parliament" decided on a British suggestion today to mobilise Western Parliaments for a non-Communist peace appeal.

Vallathol For Bombay

ERNAKULAM, Nov. 4 (PTI): The 72-year-old Poet Laureate of Kerala Mahakavi Vallathol Narayana Menon left here today by air for Bombay 'en route' to London to attend the World Peace Congress.

Soviet-Persian Trade Convention

TEHERAN, Nov 4 (PTI-Reuter): A New Soviet-Persian Trade Convention was being signed here this afternoon, it was officially announced today.

The convention is in the form of an annex to the Soviet-Persian Commercial Treaty of 1940.

TODAY'S RADIO

Monday, Nov. 6.

AIR NEWS FROM DELHI

Assamese 7 a.m. 1 p.m. Bengali 7-30 a.m. 2-50 p.m. 7-30 English 8 a.m 1-30 p.m. 6, 9 Gujerati 8-45 a.m. 1 p.m. 9-10 9-15, Kannada 7-45 a.m. 3-15 Hindi 8-15 a.m. 1-40 p.m. Malayalam 7-30 a.m 7-30 p.m. 8 Punjabi 8-30 a.m. 8-15 Marathi 8-30 a.m. Tamil 8-15 Telugu 7 a.m. 1-50 p.m. 7 Urdu 9 a.m: 8 p.m.

BOMBAY

244 m., 07-30 Subhashita, 07-35 Mangal Smaran, 07-40 Prog., 07-45 Hindi by radio, G. 08-15 Shamla Mazgaonkar, bilawal, 13-10 Ras dhara, 13-40 Dance music, 17-30 B. R. Bhatt, bhimpaalas, 17-45 Master Bali, sursuhag, 18-10 V. Phatwardhan, marva, 18-30 B. R. Bhatt, bhoop, 18-50 Air artist, kh. and thumri, 19-10 Locals, 19-20 A Navsariwala, G. songs, 19-30 B. R. Bhatt bagheshri, 19-45 For industrial workers, 20-30 G. talk, 20-45 Month's song, 21-15 Compositions of B. virani, by air artist, 21-30 B. Sayao, Soprano, 21.45 Comola Pranjoti, Bombay diary, 22-00 Goody Seervai's orch.

VARIATIONS

353m.,—08-00 Master Bali, sursuhag, 08-45 Shamla Mazgaonkar, bhavgeet, 12-45 Tantrakari, 13-30 For women, HU, 13-50 Bhavgeet, 17.45 Air artist, K. Bhavgeet, 18-00 Bhalchandra compositions of Ghate, 18-20 For villages, in M, and 18-50 in K, 19-30 Commercial news. 20-15 Hindi by radio, M, 20-30 R. B. Joshi, Film review, M, 20-45 J. G. Karandikar's roopak, 21-45 Air quartet, 21.30 Film songs, 21-45 Shamla Mazgaonkar, kedar.

BARODA.

250 m.— 07-55 Pratahsmaran, 08-15 Marathi songs, 08-30 D. K. Muley, kh., 18-20 A. Kapadia, G geets, 18-30 For rural listeners, 19-00 Hindi lessons, 19.10 Inter-station debate, G, 19-30 D. K. Muley, v. & d.kh., 20-00 A. Kapadia, G songs, 20-10 Locals, 20-30 As in Bombay, 20-45 H. geets. 21-15 J. Jagtap, pakhwaj, 21-30 A. Kapadia, G geets, 21.45 D. K. Muley, drut, kh. & bhajan.

AHMEDABAD

326-1 m, 07-55 Pratahsmaran, 08-15 D. V. Paluskar, 08-35 Arzoo, 18-20 As in Baroda, 18-30 For women, 19.00 Hindi lessons, 19-10 Inter-station debate G, 19-30 For industrial workers. 20-00 Locals, 20-05 Samooh geets, 20-30 As in Bombay, 20-45 Garbi geets. 21-15 As in Baroda, 21-30 Listeners' choice.

Money Lenders' Act

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 5 (PTI): The Gujerat Chamber of Commerce has appointed a special sub-committee of three members to examine the Bombay Money Lenders' Act, with a view to suggest necessary amendment to the said, Act so as to remove the difficulties which the village money lenders are said to be experiencing at present and to ensure money lending activity in a better manner.

AXE IN AHMEDNAGAR

AHMEDNAGAR, Nov. 3 (H. S.): There seems to be a new move afoot to effect retrenchment in the Public Works Department here Earlier 40 servants from this Department were served with notices that their services will be terminated shortly. But now by a new circular the notices issued previously have been withdrawn presaging a new move

The axe has now fallen on 46 servants many of whom are either non-matriculates or are liable to be debarred from service due to over-age

Moreover, all the temporary staff will also be retrenched. Some of the temporary servants whose services will be dispensed with have served in the Department for not less than ten years.

EMERGENCY LAWS

Sachar's Call To Centre

KARNAL, Nov. 5 (PTI): Mr. Bhimsen Sachar, former Chief Minister of the Punjab and a member of the Punjab Assembly Delimitation Committee in a statement today urged the Government to withdraw all emergency laws, restore the freedom of speech and release all political detenus.

"If the Government is really sincere about the holding of free and fair elections in India", Mr. Sachar said any talk about the free and fair elections in suffocating political atmosphere of the country is a huge fraud".

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The Bombay Chronicle

BALKAN-JI-BARI

Founded in 1926, the Balkan-ji-Bari was built up to its present height in face of difficulties in the beginning. Today it has, to its credit, a fine record of service to the country and a network of societies in several cities in the country. On the occasion of its Silver Jubilee Celebrations, we congratulate the organisation on its achievements and wish that it will continue to move from progress to progress and serve the noble cause for which it stands. It will be no exaggeration to say that the organisation has come to occupy an important place in the field of education in its wider sense.

Extension of the activities of an all-India organisation like the Balkan-ji-Bari to villages should be the criterion of its success. This point was well stressed by Bombay's Chief Minister, Mr. B. G. Kher, who is also the president of the Association, while inaugurating the All-India Balkan-ji-Bari workers conference. Experience has shown that movements, initiated in the larger towns generally remained confined to them, partly because their organisers think of India in terms of larger towns and completely ignore villages, and partly because it is not possible for those public-spirited individuals who do the initial pioneering work, to secure the necessary support except in the big towns.

The Balkan-ji-Bari which is today an excellent and well-established children's organisation, has to be guarded against the danger of such an eventuality while it is fast growing. The disparity in the educational and cultural level in villages and larger towns which has, hitherto, continued almost unchanged, was the result of utter neglect of the rural population in the past, but it must be removed now. If it is still too early to expect the benefits of education being evenly distributed in different parts of the country, at least the activities of an organisation like the Balkan-ji-Bari must be carried to children in villages so that the latter might learn something even in the absence of regular education. If the object of the organisation is to inculcate in children the values of brotherhood, unity and solidarity it will be realised to a limited extent only when children in the rural areas who form the bulk of the child-population are left out of its influence. The result will be perpetuation of the educational and cultural disparity and lack of cohesion between villages and larger towns. Mr. Kher favoured the suggestion of establishing a centre for the training of workers which, he thought, would be needed in order to extend the scope of the Balkan-ji-Bari to villages. The organisation is now in a position to approach the neglected and backward areas, and it must have a programme of expansion on all sides.

Trial By Jury

It is a serious step that the Madras Government has taken in abolishing juries in the district courts of that State. And the Government of India has been asked to permit the State Government to do away with the system in city courts as well. In a news item conveying this information, it is said that the advantages of the jury system are not fully obtaining now. The Government has carried out a review of the working of the jury system and its action is based on that review. It is easy to see what the findings of the survey are. There has not been in other matters a strong social conscience and this lack must have had its influence on the jury system as well. In a recent case in Bombay, the Additional Sessions Judge referred to the attempts to influence the jurors, brought to his notice by some of them. In other cases, the influence is more subtly exerted. It is not rare to see juries failing in that detached attitude which is expected from them. The Madras Government implies that justice itself is hampered by the "association of people with the administration of justice."

It should be considered whether the jury system does not lend itself to reform rather than to complete abolition. The right to be tried and sentenced by the verdict of one's peers is a democratic right which ought not to be lightly taken away. If precautions are taken against tampering with jurors and penalties are strictly applied to those who slip the guard, a part of the problem would have been handled. It will be necessary, too, to quicken the social conscience of the public. Service on the jury is looked upon more often than not as a painful obligation, to be got over as soon as possible. On the other hand, the juror does not feel, despite all the directions, that he is there to see the law enforced, and considerations, extraneous to the hearings which he attends, tend to confuse his mind. But the jury system itself is a great educative force and every effort should be made to retain it and make it more effective, before scrapping it altogether.

Stricken Bihar

The visit of Mr. K. M. Munshi, India's Food Minister, to stricken Bihar has had the salutary effect of driving home to him the plight of that State. When Mr. Anugraha Narain Sinha, Bihar's Food Minister, took a serious view of conditions in his State, Mr. Munshi was inclined to dismiss it as an attitude of despair. The stand he took was that the Centre was doing all it could and there was no need for panic. Now he has seen things for himself, and his guarded statement indicates that Mr. Sinha was not very wrong. Along with Mr. Munshi's statement to pressmen appears the news that a peasant of Khagaria killed himself with his plough because of starvation facing him and his family. It is a harrowing tale, and Mr. Sinha's comment that it took place in the midst of a prosperous village where Congress work is very strong, adds poignancy to it. There are many claims to the Centre's immediate attention. We publish today an appeal on behalf of Kashmir which cannot be ignored. It would be a wise step if funds that are now lying unused in several collections are pooled to tide over the immediate difficulties of States which have been stricken by calamities and where the people are staggering under heavy burdens. The Government of India can legislate immediately to meet this and it will be an indication that there is an awareness in the country of the sufferings of our unfortunate fellow-citizens and of the need for quick relief.

Mr. Munshi has said that the Central Government and the Government of Bihar are "determined to do all they can to see that grave hardships are not suffered by the people". When it is remembered that the Bihar press has been agitating for many weeks for action to avert starvation and that all its warnings have been brushed aside as sensationalism, it is difficult to accept this as a reassuring message. It was a belated move on the part of the Bihar Government to have imposed its austerity guest order on would-be feasters in Bihar, limiting them to 24, only last week, and, considering all that we hear about the gravity of the situation, woefully inadequate at that. The idea that the sole job of the press is to keep to the endorsing of Government statements seems to have secured a firm hold on the powers that be. And the consequence is that official awakening to emergency conditions is long delayed. It will appear rather feeble for the press to raise a protest against the prevailing mood of official disbelief when even the Bihar Government was not able to convince Delhi without a personal visit from the Central Food Minister. But two wrongs do not make a right, and in the absence of co-ordination between all three, it is the people of Bihar who suffer.

Thought For The Day

A good man is the best friend, and therefore soonest to be chosen, longer to be retained and, indeed, never to be parted with.

—J. TAYLOR.

Tete-a-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT.

As regards the elections, some members seem to have expressed the view that the intervening period was comparatively short in view of the tremendous preparations that will have to be made. The members were, however, generally in favour of holding the elections early.

As it has been announced that the elections are to take place in April-May 1951, there is no time intervening during which the Constitution can be amended and a machinery different from that provided in the Congress Constitution.

—From a report of the Congress Working Committee Meeting.

* * *

In a speech in Bombay described as the first shot in the campaign for the general election, Shri N. V. Gadgil, Central Minister said, in his view line between the Socialist Party and the Workers and Peasants' Party was imperceptible.

We doubt if either of the two Parties will thank Shri Gadgil for his line-blind compliment.

* * *

Apropos of the announcement that the Bombay Government has reduced by seventy-five per cent the price of the electoral roll of every constituency, originally fixed by some undoubted genius, may we ask a question?

Yes, the obvious question.

* * *

Reports from China and Tibet say the thirteen-year old Kumbum Panchen Lama is accompanying advancing forces of the Tibetan "Liberation Army" to Lhasa. The destination, these reports add, of the young second religious dignitary is to be Shingatse, ancestral seat of Tashi Lama.

What, we wonder would be his destination in, say, a year or so from now. Not, let us hope, the ancestral seat in Heaven.

* * *

It is estimated that the Chinese strength in Korea is the equivalent of about two and a half divisions or half the enemy force opposing the United Nations.

And there are reported to be twenty times more from where they came.

* * *

Speaking at a U.N. Council Assembly sub-committee debate, Mr. Ernest Gross, the U. S. delegate, reiterated American opposition to the admission of communist China to the U. N. and argued that no Government set up as a result of foreign intervention should be eligible for U.N. membership.

Quite rght, quite right. Unless, of course, it be a Franco Government set up as a result of Nazi German and Fascist Italian intervention.

* * *

Mr. K. Nasrullah, an East Bengal Parliamentarian, who is on his way to New Zealand, is reported to have declared at Sydney that the Chinese advance into Tibet had placed Pakistan "in grave danger of invasion" and that a Communist invasion of Pakistan would lead to a third world war.

We are convinced that the United Nations should immediately proceed to protect Pakistan and the world from a Communist invasion, which cannot be launched against Pakistan from Tibet at all.

THE TRAGEDY IN INDO-CHINA

BY GEORGES BIDAULT

THE serious reverses suffered by French Union forces in Northern Tonkin cause both France and the whole of the free world to draw certain conclusions. As often happens in equally painful circumstances, the first reaction is to make mutual accusations. It is, however, not right to embark on passionate controversy while the battle is still going on.

There can be no doubt as to the results of this battle, even if the situation becomes more serious than it is now. France's intention to remain in Indo-China since she only can guarantee the country's independence is uncontestable. France's resolution, which fate cannot shake, will survive the unpleasantness which is bound to come when a deeper enquiry into mistakes is made. These mistakes which have been so sadly underlined by events and which may be made use of for partisan ends both at home and abroad, have not only been made by the inevitable scapegoats. No single person or organisation or country is responsible for them.

Common Cause

We have done our best with the means at our disposal to establish and preserve in a huge territory the independence of States which we ourselves, despite the risk, have raised to a level of independence which they would not have achieved without us. For five years, we have maintained alone in this region of the world the common cause for which another Asiatic land the United Nations engaged themselves to obtain a victory. The length of the campaign, the poor equipment, the solitude of this much criticised battle, have been compensated only by continuous effort fraught with sacrifice too long qualified as egoistic.

Errors of judgment, tactical mistakes, insufficient means are all due to isolation and to misunderstanding of aims. We were no doubt wrong to imagine that a progressive occupation of vital territory which was welcomed by the inhabitants would, in itself, solve a problem which does not concern Indo-China alone. No doubt, mistakes were made in summing up the situation and were cruelly punished but on the whole French forces were only aiming to achieve in a vital part of the world the same defence aims which have been realised in Korea after the first bad period.

I want to emphasize that we were alone and that we were misunderstood for a long time. We were continuously advised to reach an understanding with Ho Chi Minch. I have very good reasons to know that they have been tried. It led to nothing, to absolutely nothing, and we are now combating an offensive, which is armed from outside sources, which flows from the heights down to the rice-fields in an effort to find in Southern Asia by using the same methods which could not be found in the North.

French Mission

When a great country suffers a heavy reverse, however far away this may occur, that country's reply, if it does not want or cannot give up, is to face upon the reverse. Although impoverished and devastated by two world wars, France knows that her mission is to give the States which are associated with her in Asia, the means of keeping their freedom. This mission is not without grave peril for those who are defending in her name a cause which is common to all the people. But they are defending vital moral and material assets which would be immediately lost if France gave up the struggle or became discouraged.

Some countries have thought that we are fighting China to maintain a pre-war situation and that shocked their feeling. They judged our fight severely. They sometimes even considered that we were only acting in our own interests.

The check to the repeated efforts for conciliation imposed the obligation to resist an offensive which had been hypocritically launched and which had been encouraged from outside by progressively increasing help.

This offensive was not aimed at the territories under attack. It foreshadowed other enterprises in other places although this was not realised by those who were not immediately threatened.

A long period of indifference and even veiled hostility towards the French effort in Indo-China thus contributed to other enterprises in other places.

U. S. Attitude

For a long time, the United States considered Indo-China as a territory where French colonialism continued to be practised. This colonialism consists today of preserving in Indo-China an independence which cannot yet defend itself. If after suffering defeats the defence of this independence could no longer be assured by the means which protect it today—that is to say by the forces of the French Union—this would be a great revenge for those who have suffered defeat in Korea. It would, however, be easy to prevent this revenge. It would suffice for this object to carry out what has been announced. It would suffice if the supplies—supplies not announced but carried out—which are coming over the mountains from China towards the sinister roads which lead to the 'red' river delta, were compensated before it is too late by the supplies, although promised, are still awaited. Our men who are on the spot and know how to sacrifice themselves, will know what must be done to stop, repulse, disperse and achieve the complete disappearance of the men who have become so dangerous because after the Korean war they are seeking a revenge elsewhere.

This revenge would not be an easy one even if they were only to be faced with our unaided efforts. France and the French Union will not abandon each other after this cruel reverse even if it was not the last. But failing loyalties, which indeed are essential if one wishes them to be reciprocal, common sense demands that the interdependence of the fronts which have been created against us and inspite of us, should lead to a single fight at the time when the community which we have always desired, is just beginning. More than vague promises, dangers which are daily more defined, proclaim that every aggression wherever it occurs, is a matter which no longer only concerns the territory under attack.

The Solution

If the Indo-China affair was solely a French difficulty, it would be up to the French by themselves to find a solution to it. But there is now only one all-embracing problem. We are not begging for anything; we are stating the facts. Three months were enough to settle the Korean affair which for a long time seemed so menacing. This was because the necessary means were forthcoming and employed.

In Indo-China the men are on the job but after years of fighting they still lack the means to finish it off. And because the means have been delayed, because a clear view of the issues at stake has so long been lacking, men have died who might have been saved if people had understood sooner.

PAU CONFERENCE MUST NOT FAIL

French Minister's Plea For Effort

SAIGON, Nov. 5, (PTI-Reuter).

M. JEAN LETOURNEAU, French Minister for Associated states said here today "the Pau Conference (on Indo-China) cannot and must not fail, because failure would mean the withdrawal of the French expeditionary force and the end of Vietnam's independence."

The conference at Pau France, between representatives of the Indo-Chinese states of Vietnam, Cambodia and Laos and of France is discussing the future relationship of these States with the French Union under the recent treaty giving them autonomy. Some disagreement on the interpretation of the treaty are reported to have arisen.

M. Letourneau gave a press conference in the French High Commissioner's office here an hour after returning from Dalat where he conferred with Ex-Emperor Bao Dai, Chief of the Vietnam State and attended the opening of the Officers' training college for the new Vietnamese State Army.

PERFECT MORALE

He said that his chief impression was of the perfect morale of the French troops now fighting and the clearly expressed will of the people of the three Associated States to participate in "the implacable struggle against the external peril.

At the press conference, M. Letourneau said that he had found no lassitude or depression among the French Union forces and not a single man, whatever his rank or origin, who wanted to give up, even after the ordeals of recent evacuations.

He said that on his return to France he would do everything in his power to help the troops fighting in Indo-China by urging more support and equipment.

Flooded Rivers Still Threaten Sadiya

GAUHATI, Nov. 5 (PTI).—Sadiya town is still threatened by running waters of the Ghormara, Deband and Lohit rivers, according to a telegraph message received here this evening.

Flood waters entered into the town and some buildings were washed away, the message added.

FUTURE OF FRENCH POCKETS IN INDIA

Prof. Saravane To Make A Statement

PARIS, Nov. 5, (PTI-Reuter): Professor Lambert Saravane, National Assembly delegate for French occupied territories in India, is expected to make a statement on Monday clarifying his views as to the future of the French settlements in India.

Representatives of the political parties are reluctant to comment on the subject until they have heard his statement.

Professor Saravane's motion on the future of the settlements is not expected to come up in Parliament for another fortnight.

8 Men To Guide A Nation's Role

LONDON, Nov. 5 (PTI-Reuter).

EIGHT unnamed leaders from British industry proposed yesterday to take decisions that may change the lives of everyone in this country.

Appointed to a special rearmament committee by the Government, their task is to guide the progress of the massive 3,400 million sterling rearmament programme.

Their names have been kept a close secret, but what they decide will soon be well known.

To them will fall the responsibility for the diversion of manpower and raw materials to make more munitions. At the same time they may have to order drastic cuts in luxury manufacturing to free vital steel and components.

Their service, on the recommendations of both sides of industry, will go direct to the Government.

W. BENGAL RATION CUT

Plea For Exemption For Industrial Labour

CALCUTTA, Nov. 5 (PTI).—The Working Committee of teh Bengal Provincial National Trade Union Congress in a resolution today expressed the opinion that industrial workers should be excluded from the operation of the West Bengal Government's order reducing the basic cereal ration scale for adults.

The State Government, by an order yesterday, reduced the basic cereal ration for adults from two seers to ten chhataks to two seers three chhataks for two weeks with effect from November 6.

The resolution stated that such reduction would "adversely affect the health and efficiency of the workers resulting in loss of production."

JAILS SHOULD NOT BE PLACES OF REST

Madras Minister's View

MADRAS, Nov. 6 (PTI).

Mr. K. Madhava Menon, Madras Minister in charge of jails, said here today that while all amenities should be given to prisoners, he was against "producing the feeling that jails are a sort of happy resort or sanatoria where people go to enjoy a rest."

The Minister, who was addressing the Jail Reforms Conference here today said that the idea of punishment being deterrent as well as reformative should not be lost sight of. "It should not be such that a person would consider it a decided advantage to go to jail."

Mr. Madhava Menon emphasised that jails should be self-supporting and said, the prisoners should be made to work and given the sort of work to which they were accustomed. The vocations should be such that they should help the prisoners earn their livelihood even after they were released.

Scholarships For Music

CALCUTTA, November 5 (PTI): The All-India Music Conference Trust, Calcutta, have decided to award two scholarships of Rs. 1,100 each for vocal and instrumental music.

The awards — to be called "Tansen Vishnu Digamber Scholarships" — will go to the two topmost candidates, recommended by a Board of Judges at an annual music competition in the middle of December.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

China Steps In

The literally sensational turn in the fighting in North Korea clearly indicated that the North Koreans had received large-scale assistance and reinforcements from outside, that is to say, from Manchuria. This is now confirmed as a fact by General MacArthur's headquarters. According to reports Chinese reinforcements are estimated at two to two and a half divisions, representing half the enemy force fighting the U.N. forces in North Korea. The reports also suggest —perhaps with exaggeration — that the Chinese have concentrated another fifty equally well-trained and well-equipped divisions in Manchuria. Whatever their exact numerical strength, it must, in any case, be very substantial indeed. And there can be no doubt that a fairly great proportion of it is intended for the Korean war. In fact, this can be gathered from Chinese propaganda itself, which has now taken the positive shape of "nation-wide" approval of sending Chinese "volunteers" to the aid of the Koreans, who are claimed to be fighting to throw the Americans out of their country and Asia. General MacArthur is reported to have assured that the situation is not grave and that this Chinese intervention will not affect the final outcome. President Truman has, however, realistically warned that a great deal of hard fighting has to be gone through before the war is brought to an end in Korea. Obviously the Chinese intervention has created a serious international situation, which is somewhat further complicated rather than simplified by the Chinese argument, put forward in advance, that the Chinese asisting the North Koreans are "volunteers."

Clean-Up Wanted

The U.S. and Britain, propose to ask for an emergency session of the Security Council in order to consider the problem of China's military intervention against the United Nations. It is a serious problem because it has brought into imminent reality the danger of the Korean War spreading outside that country. It is to be hoped that the Security Council will soberly consider the new situation and make every effort to find a solution that averts the dreaded danger, yet assures a successful end to the U.N. campaign in Korea. For naturally that campaign cannot be jeopardised much less given up. The fight will have to go on. It has been prolonged and become more grim. Therefore it will now require more energy more resources and more elaborate all round attention to factors that affect the course of any war. And one of them is what may be called the "Home Front". If the war is to be conducted successfully, a great deal of improvement has to be carried out in the condition of the "Home Front". And most important of all is the problem of doing something about Dr. Syngman Rhee and his regime. There is popular discontent against him in South Korea itself. This is demonstrably proved by the temper of the South Korean Parliament. Dr. Rhee is an autocrat and an intolerant autocrat at that—the British "News Chronicle" which has exposed the outrageous repression rampant over the country is no irresponsible anti-South Korean paper—who is blind to the consequences of his own behaviour and prejudices, and has become one of the greatest dangers to Korea, challenges serious attention on the part of the United Nations.

Breaking Election Ground

The Congress Working Committee is believed to have deferred the question of changing the machinery for running the elections because the elections are to be held in April and there is no time to effect the constitutional amendment which will be needed. The decision is unfortunate because, if the determination were there, the change could have been speedily done. Unless the committee running the elections is fully imbued with the ideals of the Nasik Congress, it is more than likely that it will launch the party on the campaign with an uncertain trumpet. It is of course very essential that nothing should be allowed to delay the holding of the elections because all attention and energy is concentrated on fighting them, and it will not be easy for the party leaders to turn their minds to anything else. But if it is felt that the existing machinery for the elections is defective, there is no reason why it should not be improved. In the past the Congress organisation has shown capacity to act promptly and it cannot have quite lost its force. It is unfortunate that this and other related matters should have been left over till the next meeting on November 22, when presumably it will be urged that there is even less time for distractions from the election work.

Co-Operation And Compulsion

It is amusing to hear national figures, like Acharya Narendra Dev, asking the Government to use compulsion to push forward the cooperative movement in this country. If cooperation has any meaning, it is that it marks the highest idealist peak of individual enterprise, wholly dependent on the initiative of the public. If compulsion is resorted to, it will only push up cooperation to a limited extent and gravity will bring it down the moment the compulsion is removed. The Government can help, it cannot force a cooperative movement. And a great deal depends on the extent to which Government is prepared to help. If the people are apathetic to cooperatives, then some other form of pushing common efforts must be devised which fits in better with the genius of the people. But it would be improper to call it cooperation. Much of the reason why the Cooperative Movement does not make much headway here is that there are too many hazy ideas afloat as to its potentialities and what it needs.

New Appraisal Of India's Foreign Policy

AMERICA CHANGES TONE AFTER RED THRUST IN TIBET

LAKE SUCCESS, Nov. 5 (PTI-Reuter).

IN a quickly changing situation, the most noticeable international political feature of the past few days here, has been a new appreciation of India's foreign policy, following the Chinese Communist interventions in Tibet and North Korea, both of which India had tried to prevent, cables D. P. Wagle, PTI Correspondent.

India's initial advocacy of Communist China's admission into the United Nations in order to localise the Korean conflict that caused the first misunderstanding of India's policy now seems to be better understood.

Unkind words had been said about India's warning given before the United Nations forces moved north of the 38th Parallel that there was a danger of involvement with the Chinese Communist forces. This warning, though conveyed with the best of intentions, was described at the time as a "Chinese bluff" that was "called" by the State Department and the Pentagon with the help of their own intelligence sources.

REPENTANCE

Pandit Nehru was described as "confused" and even as "resentful" that the Americans had been able to "read the Asian mind"—in this case the Communist Chinese mind—better than himself. The term "red-faced", with the pun on the red, was applied to Indian diplomats to indicate that they had been nonplussed by the turn of events and showed it.

Although the tendency still is to play down the North Korean aspect of the Communist Chinese interventions and correspondingly to emphasise the seriousness of the Tibetan action the tone of comment vis-a-vis India has completely changed.

The arguments now used run on the following lines:—"It was the west that branded the Communists aggressors in Korea. It is the east now that is calling them that in Tibet".

"Communist China's belief that India was under the influence of powers hostile to China might cause a swing in India's policy".

Note too is taken of the argument advanced by supporters of India's foreign policy that had Communist China been admitted into the Security Council as suggested by India, the invasion of Tibet could have been avoided and that the situation in the far east might have been less serious for the United Nations than it is acknowledged to be now. No attempt is made in any quarter to rebut that line of reasoning.

That appraisals of the Far Eastern situation change very quickly is exemplified by leading articles in the "New York Times", both on the invasion of Tibet and on successive days.

On Friday the "Times" had said, "There is some reason to believe that the chief Chinese Communist objective is one of peace—the Communists may merely be trying to prove that they can do what the previous Chinese Government were unable to do, set up a firm rule in the land of the Lamas."

Nehru's Plea For Help To Crippled Children

INDIA'S FIRST ORTHOPEDIC HOSPITAL OPENED

BOMBAY, Sunday.

THE Children's Orthopedic Hospital, the first of its kind in India built by the Society for the Rehabilitation of Crippled Children was declared open by India's Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, this evening.

Opening the hospital at Haji Ali Park, the Prime Minister said that children, especially those children who suffer from disabilities, "should have some chance and not be burdened with worries"

Pandit Nehru, who said he was "attracted and fascinated" by the work done by the hospital felt that it was an attractive place, providing the proper atmosphere for children.

NEED FOR HELP

The Society for the Crippled Children, he said not only deserved the help of the citizens of Bombay but also "their active sympathy".

Pandit Nehru remarked, "I am glad the citizens of Bombay and the Government of Bombay have taken great interest in the activities of the Society. I hope that they will also help it grow because this is a thing of which one could be proud."

The Prime Minister said that his visit to Bombay was concerned entirely with children's and "grown-ups have no particular right to my time, but this being a children's hospital, has certainly a call on my time."

"Life for most of us" he said "situated wherever we may be, all over the world, tends to become harsh and ungracious and the qualities which are soft and gentle have somehow disappeared. Nobody knows what the future may hold, but children should have some chance and not be burdened with worries. Especially those children who suffer from disabilities that take away the joy of life."

Dr. A. V. Baliga, Chairman of the Society, welcoming Pandit Nehru said that the Society had schemes for the construction of an Orthopedic Workshop for the manufacture of gadgets. The Society also proposed to start a training school for physio-therapy, for unless there were facilities for physio-therapy, rehabilitation of children was likely to be handicapped.

NEW WARD

Dr. Baliga said that the Society laid special emphasis on the psychological aspect of treatment of crippled children. Very soon, they were proposing to have an Occupational Therapy ward in the Hospital.

He expressed gratitude to Pandit Nehru for the interest he took in the activities of the Society. Pandit Nehru had visited the society twice and had donated Rs. 1,000 personally and Rs. 5,000 from the Prime Minister's Fund.

Two messages were received today: one from Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, Health Minister Government of India, whose sympathy for the Institute was responsible for the sanction of a grant of Rs. 33,000 towards the Institute from the Centre.

The Hospital started functioning a couple of months ago and has now begun admitting patients. Hitherto, it used to treat only cases of infantile paralysis, but soon, all types of cases will be admitted. The Hospital is a tribute to the untiring efforts of General Secretary of the Society, Mrs. Fatima Ismail who has done pioneering work towards the establishment of the Society.

The Society is largely run by a batch of honorary social workers who have identified themselves with this cause, which received considerable support from the citizens of Bombay who donated liberallly and graciously the Government of Bombay who made a grant of Rs. 5,00,000 and the Municipality of Bombay.

Stop Press

BOMBER KILLS CHINESE BRIDE

KUALA LUMPUR (Malaya), Nov. 5 (PTI-Reuter): A young Chinese girl who was to have been married in three days and two Chinese women were among 12 people killed yesterday when a Royal Air Force bomber accidentally dropped two bombs on a Selangor estate.

FRENCH EVACUATE HOABINH

SAIGON, Nov. 5 (PTI-Reuter): French troops were today evacuating Hoabinh, 31 miles southwest of the Tonking capital of Hanoi, a French Army spokesman announced. French troops fighting the Viet Minh forces were reported to have fallen back on Hoabinh yesterday.

BODY OF G. B. S. LEAVES COUNTRY HOME

LONDON, Nov. 5 (PTI-Reuter).

The body of George Bernard Shaw left his Hertfordshire Country home today for the last time. On the simple grey-draped coffin lay a spring of rosemary from the garden of the great Shakespearian actress, Ellen Terry his devoted friend of thirty years.

With the rosemary was a card inscribed "Rosemary from Ellen Terry's garden. For the remembrance of her partnership with Bernie (BGS)".

FATE OF PASSENGERS IN "MALABAR PRINCESS'

A French Alpine expert said that unless the 40 passengers and eight crew of the "Malabar Princess" had some means of heating, he thought there was little hance of survival for them after three days' biting wind and snow storms on the unsheltered peak.

But Captain Jathar, who sighted the plane on the edge of a crevice on Mont Blanc's northwest slope, said the main part of the fuselage was intact and he hoped there might be some survivors.

Commandant Pierre Flotagd of the Military Alpine School said that a rescue party of his crack ski troops would set out at 06-00 GMT (11-30 IST) tomorrow morning towards the wreck.

They would take the telegrique cable railway to the bassons glacier and continue from there on foot.

Chinese Aid To N. koreans

DECLARATION BY SEVERAL 'PARTIES'

LONDON, Nov. 5 (PTI-Reuter).

A JOINT declaration by the "Democratic Parties" of China said yesterday throughout the country people "are enthusiastically volunteering to resist American aggression, to aid Korea and to protect their homes and defend their country," Peking Radio reported.

Since the Americans crossed the 38th Parallel, the statement said, "we have been forced to realise that if the lovers of peace in the world want peace they must use positive action to resist atrocities and fight aggression.

"Only resistance can teach the imperialists." "To save our neighbour is to save ourselves."

"To defend our fatherland, we must support the people of Korea," the statement added.

"It is not only a moral duty for the people of China to support the Korean peoples war against the Americans, but it is closely related to the direct interest of all Chinese people and dictated by the need for self-defence."

The declaration was issued by a number of organisations including the Chinese Communist Party, the Revolutionary Committee of Kuomintang China, the China Democratic League, the China Peasants and Workers Democratic Party and the Taiwan (Formosa) Democratic Self-Government League.

It also said: "The democratic people of China pledge that they will support with all their might the just demand of all the peoples of the country and support all those Chinese who voluntarily undertake the sacred task of resisting America, aiding Korea, protecting their homes and defending their country."

The declaration asserted that by crossing the 38th Parallel the Americans were "directly threatening the north-eastern border of China," it added.

"The United States imperialists are trying the old trick of the Japanese bandits, first to invade Korea and then to invade China."

BILL TO OUST SOUTH KOREAN CABINET

Eighty-Five M.P.'s Move

SEOUL, Nov. 5 (PTI-Reuter): The South Korean Parliamen tis "almost certain" to pass a Bill calling on President Syngman Rhee Cabinet to resign, usually well informed sources said here today.

The Bill, signed by 85 Members of Parliament, was formally submitted yesterday to the Parliamentary Agenda Committee.

It was expected to reach the floor of the House before the present session ends on November 23.

The Bill calls for resignation of the Cabinet because of "false information" given to the South Korean people before and during the early stages of the war.

This was understood to refer to allegations that as a result of government statements about the defence of Seoul, many Koreans remained in the capital and were trapped when it fell to the Northerners.

'WAVE OF ANGER'

LONDON: Messages from all over China which are reaching Peking bear witness to a "wave of anger against the United States," according to a New China News Agency despatch received in London.

The agency quoted 376 members of the Peking University staff as saying in a letter to Mao Tse-tung, Chairman of the Central Government: "We cannot tolerate seeing our neighbour (Korea) being mauled and we do not fear removing from our country this menace".

Children Be Good, Says Nehru

(Continued from Page 1)

spoke different languages as one passed from location to location. This diversity was as noticeable as the climatic changes which characterised India but in all this diversity tere was a distinct note of unity and common culbut in all this diversity there was a disple.

But wherever one went in this country, the conspicuous feature was the common note of culture—historical and ancient—which ran like a connecting thread binding all the people. As a matter of fact, the differences in languages, costumes, and eating habits were due to so many factors like the climate itself and the available food resources in particular areas.

As such, he said, it was necessary and proper for the children to cultivate a broad and catholic outlook with regard to the country as a whole. No child ought to think that because it was born in Bombay, Saurashtra or Gujerat it belonged only to the place of its birth and had little to do with the rest of India. The whole country belonged to each of its children and each child belonged to the entire country.

COMMON HERITAGE

Expatiating on the common cultural heritage of India from the historic, epic and mythological aspects, the Prime Minister told the children to come with him on the wings of imagination from one end of India to the other. There were historic monuments, thousands of years old, erected by the common ancestors of the present generations and scattered throughout the length and breadth of the land. There were temples of great beauty and artistic excellence in the North and in the South and in the East and West of the country. The relics at Sarnath, the Taj Mahal at Agra and the frescoes of Ajanta, the Asoka Stambha and many more such clearly indicated the existence of this common heritage down the centuries. It was upto the children of the present generation to strengthen these common bonds and forge greater and greater bonds of unity out of all the diversity.

Concluding, he said: "We are always shouting "Bharat Mata ki Jai"? What is this "Bharat Mata"? Is it just a piece of contiguous land, is it just rivers, mountains and fields?"

He explained that India was all this and much more. India was its people, their hopes and aspirations, it contained the monuments of its great past and it enshrined the hope of the future of hundreds of millions.

Chief Minister B. G. Kher, President of the Balkan-ji-Bari, said that the Balkan-ji-Bari had kept alive the children's movement during the last many years. The movement aimed at the education and entertainment of the children. The Balkan-ji-Bari wanted to enlist the support not only of governments but also of leaders, philantropists and the public generally.

Among those present were the Governor and Rani Maharaj Singh, Mrs. B. G. Kher, the members of the Bombay Cabinet and Mr. and Mrs. B. Rama Rau.

For five happy hours this evening, South Bombay was a wonderland of beaming boisterous children, who sang and danced and called it a day.

COLOURFUL PROCESSION

Over 4,000 children, boys and girls, clad in costumes that would have been the envy of professional stage actors, paraded through the streets of Bombay in a procession organised by the Balkan-ji-Bari. The procession converged at the Azad Maidan meeting.

Bombay has witnessed several processions, both gay and sad, political and social, but today's parade was the happiest throng ever.

Even mules of the carts carrying the children donned technicolour costumes; the apron they wore shone under the biting sun of a warm afternoon!

Over 70 lorries, each jam-packed with teen-agers shouting, singing, and waving, crawled in the two-mile long procession that left Chowpatty shortly after to this afternoon. Though utterly sandwitched, one boy toppling over another in vain endeavour to stand upright, the children sent forth most enthusiastic slogans, most of them about the Balkan-ji-Bari and Pandit Nehru.

For over a mile, one could see nothing but colour. For over a mile, one could hear nothing but music and the sound of a thousand paper cone conches blowing simultaneously. And the dances on the decks of the open lorries were attractive as the custumes the children wore were colourful, rich and impressive. All in all, it was a successful attempt of the children to express through their song, dance, dress and act the many phases of Indian culture. There were several lorries on the decks of which was being enacted a particular episode from the Ramayana or the Mahabharata, while another lorry's occupants sought to show how women in various parts of India dressed!

The "Be Friends Express" and a lorry which carried the flags of the leading nations of the world attracted special attention.

The children reached the Azad Maidan about 5 p.m. and soon merged into the large crowd that had assembled there earlier.

After the conclusion of the meeting, Prime Minister Nehru went round the "Swapna Desh"—the "Dream Land" Children's Exhibition organised by the Balkan-ji-Bari. He inspected the stalls and evinced keen interest in most of the exhibits. The Balak Nagar, miniature town, impressed the Prime Minister who appeared quite pleased with its execution.

Later in the night, the Prime Minister was the guest of honour at a special dance ballet organised by the Bari's Silver Jubilee Committee at the Bharatiya Vidya Bhuvan. The dance ballet entitled "Kican" was performed entirely by children with rare charm and ability and drew continued applause from the large gathering comprising of the elite of Bombay.

DIVETIA'S PORTRAIT UNVEILED

Democracy Needs Rule Of Law, Says Chagla

RAJKOT, Nov. 5 (PTI).—Mr. M. C. Chagla, Chief Justice of the Bombay High Court said here today that "if democracy is to succeed, it is necessary to have a rule of law."

Mr. Chagla was unveiling a portrait of Mr. H. V. Divetia, retiring Chief Justice of the Saurashtra High Court.

He said, "A judge inevitably legislates by moulding and shaping law, and traditions thus formed go a long way to keep the institution going, which is the life blood of other institutions.

Mr. U. N. Dhebar, Chief Minister, who also spoke on the occasion said that Saurashtra was the first State in India to have a Judiciary Independent of the Executive and it was a happy coincidence that Mr. Divetia who was its head had successfully forged healthy, independent and close relations with the Executive.

Dr. Zimmerman's Release

MENDEN, Nov. 5 (PTI-Reuter): Dr. Walter Zimmerman, German rocket and radar expert arrested a week ago after a six weeks disappearance has been released, the West German news agency reported.

He will resume work in a factory here where he was employed. When he read newspaper reports that he had 'vanished' he communicated with the police and was surprised when they arrested him, the report said.

He was released after it was established that he had transferred his domicile quite legally from Goettingen British zone Atom Research Centre to Menden, the report added.

PEPSU Efforts To Increase Cane Cultivation

PATIALA, Nov. 5 (PTI): Planned introduction of improved varities of sugarcane, subsidized distribution of fertilizers, control of posts and diseases and extension of transport facilities from cane growing areas to the sugar producing factories are being envisaged by the PEPSU government. The government also intends extention of sugarcane research.

The schemes will come into operation as soon as the necessary sanction from the Government of India is obtained.

Kremlin's Summons

MOSCOW, Nov. 4 (PTI-Reuter): British, United States and French Ambassadors were summoned separately to the Russian Foreign Office late last evening.

Alister Wins Victoria Derby

MELBOURNE, Nov. 4.

Alister won the 5,000 Sterling Victoria Derby over one and half miles at Flemington Racecourse today, beating Midway by three lengths with Londonderry another half length away in third place. All fifteen starters carried 8 stone 10 pounds and Alister, who was completing a Derby double as he won the Australian Jockey Club event, covered the distance in 2 minutes 35.75 seconds. Alister was a 7/4 on favourite Midway starting at 25/1 and Londonderry at 16/1.

BARODA'S SUCCESS IN FRANCE

PARIS, November 4 (PTI-Reuter): The Gaekwar of Baroda's Aquino (Tornado-Apulia) won the 500 sterling Criterium De St Cloud today, from ten rivals. Papuma and Quel Type dead heated for second place four lengths behind.

The race, for two-year olds, as over one and a quarter miles.

Parimutuel dividends for a ten francs bet were 29 for win, 14, 17 (Papuma) and 29 (Quel Type) for places.

BANGALORE SUB-AREA WIN BOXING TROPHY

Southern Command Championship

(From Our Correspondent)

BANGALORE, Oct. 31.

The Bangalore Sub-Area won the Championship trophy by a convincing margin on the third and the final day of the Southern Command Individual Boxing Tournament held here. Major General A. A. Rudra, G.O.C. Madras Area presided and Mrs. Loomba distributed the trophies.

The following are the resudts:—

FLY-WEIGHT: Spr. Raman (Bangalore Sub-Area) beat Hav. Narsimhan, (Poona Sub Area) the latter disqualified in the third round.

BANTAM-WEIGHT: Spr. Padmanathan. (Bangalore Sub Area) beat L/Nk. Henry Peter, (Jabbalpur Sub Area) on points. (Second string) Spr. Gopal (Bangalore Sub Area) beat Sigmn. Taylor, (Jabbalpur Sub Area) on points.

FEATHERWEIGHT: L/N. Anthony (Bangalore Sub Area) beat Gnr. Balkar Singh, (Bombay Sub Area) on points. (Second string) Spr. Samraj (Bangalore Sub Area) beat Sigmn. Rajendra Singh (Jabbalpur Sub Area) on points.

LIGHTWEIGHT: Hav. Subramanian (Bangalore Sub Area) k.o. Sigmn. Baldrey (Jabbalpur Sub Area) in second round.

WELTERWEIGHT: Nk. Apparao, (Bangalore Sub Area) beat Hav. Lal Bahadur (Jabbalpur Sub Area) on points.

MIDDLEWEIGHT: Sigmn. Hari Singh (Jabbalpur Sub Area) k.o. Nk. Kali Babu (Bangalore Sub Area) in first round.

LIGHT-HEAVYWEIGHT: Nk. Mohabat Singh (Jabbalpur Sub Area) w.o.

AREA CHAMPIONSHIP: Bangalore 15 points, Jubbalpore, 9 and Bombay 1.

50 MILES TIME TRIAL CYCLE RACE

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The 50 Miles Third Annual, Time Trial Cycle race organised by the Swastik Cycling Club attracted 7 entries amongst which were the present Indian Record holder D. B. Guard and prominent International cyclists H. J. Pavri and R. R. Noble, Noble was a non-starter.

For the first time in the history of Indian Cycling, this event was held under 'Promoter's Licence' issued by the National Cyclists' Federation of India, the controlling body for cycling in India.

The cyclists started on their long journey at one minute's interval from Churchgate Station along Queen's Road. At Hornby Vellard H. J Pavri overtook S. B. Zaveri, R. Irani and Amarjit Singh in turn overtook Zaveri near Sion D. B. Guard who was last on the starting list overtook K. S. Irani at Sion and an epic struggle at supremacy started between Guard and Irani Amarjit Singh on the other hand, overhauled Rusi Irani and with steady even pedalling brought H. J. Pavri in sight before reaching Mullund. The time taken to reach the turning point at Thana was 1h. 17m. 30s. for H. J. Pavri, 1h. 15m. 20s. by Amarjit Singh 1h. 17m. 30s. by R. Irani; 1h. 18m. 35s. by K. S. Irani; 1h. 17m. 35s. by D. B. Guard an 1h. 26m. 10s. by S. B. Zaveri.

The return journey was made at a cracking pace, with very little change in the lead. D. B. Guard on reaching Dadar, dismounted with cramps in his legs and after a long massage and rest completed the course. The results are as under:—

1st. Amarjit Singh Chang (Swastik C.C.) 2h. 29m. 21s.

2nd H. J. Pavri (National Peddlers) 2h. 31m. 4s.

3rd K. S. Irani (Swastik C.C.) 2h. 33m. 35s.

4th Rusi Irani (Malcolm C.C.) 2h. 34m. 42s.

P. J. Hindu Gym. Honoured Their Seers-Cup Team

BOMBAY, Sunday.

P. J. Hindu Gymkhana held a reception to celebrate their victory in Seers Cup and also to congratulate their players, Devinder Mohan, Nilkanth and D. G. Mugwe who brought them the coveted Cup for the first time this year in the last 22 years this tournament being played.

President Shantaram Sethe thanked all the players and particularly Devinder for their brilliant victory.

In reply on behalf players D. G. Mugwe said that it was the able steering of L. R. Agaskar—the non-playing Captain of the Team—that made Devinder Mohan to play for Hindu Gymkhana, as he was also eligible to play for Cricket Club of India.

HYDERABAD ELIMINATED

Inter Association Tennis

HYDERABAD, Dn. Nov. 5.

Madras eliminated Hyderabad today and qualified to meet Travancore-Cochin in the final of the Inter Association Tennis Tournament, being conducted here.

Hyderabad went out of the Tournament conceding a doubles match to Madras after one of their players, M. V. Bobjee, developed pain in the abdomen as the fourth set was in progress and had to retire. Bobjee who partnered Ghaus Mohammed, was playing against Vishnu Mohan and N. Krishnaswamy, the Madras pair.

Madras has thus won three straight matches against Hyderabad, two singles matches played yesterday resulting in their favour.

This evening's unfinished doubles fixture between Madras and Hyderabad was a gruelling struggle for supremacy. Ghaus Mohammed who revelled in beautiful placements, many of which left his opponents standing by, and Bobjee who served many aces and played forceful tennis, took the first two sets at 6-3, and 6-4 respectively.

The Madras pair, who seemed to have recovered from their earlier reverse, stole an early lead in the third set, Vishnu Mohan claiming the first game on his service.

Taking the games alternately Hyderabad levelled until 4-4 and took a lead at 5-4. A hard struggle then ensued. Ghaus Mohammed who started the tenth game on his service deuced seven times and lost five match points and ultimately double-faulted to lose the game at 5-5. The Madras pair took the next two games to annex the set at 7-5.

Madras established a 4-1 lead in the fourth set and at a later stage were 5-2, when with a supreme effort the Hyderabad pair levelled up at 5-5 after Bobjee deuced six times in the tenth game. The effort was apparently too much for Bobjee who at this stage complained of pain in the stomach and retired.

A few minutes later it was announced that the match was declared in favour of Madras.

The score was: Ghaus Mohammed and Bobjee (Hyderabad) versus Vishnu Mohan and N. Krishnaswamy (Madras) 6-3, 6-4, 5-7, 5-5 unfinished.

KASHER SINGH LOWERS 5,000 METRES WALK RECORD

(From Our Correspondent)

BANGALORE, Oct. 29.

The three day Prasanna Kumar Memorial Athletic meet concluded today.

In the men's events in the 5,000 metres walking race Kesher Singh of Head Quarters A.S.C. Centre South finished first in 26 minutes 48 seconds and the previous Mysore record was 30 minutes, 50.6 seconds.

The individual championship for men won by Anthony of the Head Quarters A.S.C. Centre South with 60 points, Veronica Game of the Flamingos with 50 points won the championship for women. The team championship was annexed Head quarter A.S.C. Centre South.

Over 500 athletes from Mysare, Madras, Hyderabad and Travancore participated in the games.

International Clearing House For Fights Needed

LONDON, Nov. 3 (PTI-Reuter).

One of the curiosities of boxing is that a man can hold the world title without being champion of his home country or even his continent. Cases which come to mind in this respect concern Terry Allen and Danny O'sullivan respectively flyweight and bantamweight. Both have world title fights in the offing yet O'sullivan admittedly the British champion at his weight has lost a fight for the European crown and Allen, who has just lost his European title to the Belgian, Jean Gneyers has never actually fought for the British flyweight championship.

True he is to give battle for that honour after two young Scots have settled their differences and produced an opponent for Allen. Yet the London Barrow boy, who was given a tilt at the world title last spring and beat Honore Pratesi of France to win the crown lost it to Dado Marino in Hawaii in August.

Marino promised Allen a return and this is all laid on for next February.

So now there is the possibility of Allen losing his fight for the British title for either Norman Tennant or Vic Kerman the two scots who meet for the right of facing Allen will be a worthy scrapper and yet regaining the world crown.

Similarly O'sullivan is lined up for a world championship bout with Vic Toweel the South African holder on November 25 while Luis Romero of Spain who relieved him of the European title kicks his heels eager to take on Toweel.

The Belgian Sneyers having won the European crown from Allen, now wants to replace Allen in the fights against marino for the world crown, but the Allen camp is adamant that the defeat from Sneyers will make no difference in plans for a world championship return against Marino.

It does seem strange that such things can occur in sport for one would think that only men who have proved themselves by winning national and continental honours would be reliable for the biggest prize the world throne. Unless there is an international clearing house for fights, however, the position will never alter so long as promotors, with a natural eye on the gate, arrange fights according to the drawing power of the contestants. Sneyers if not accepted for a trip to Honolulu, is prepared to fight Marino in England and it would be a strange thing of two such foreigners gave battle for a championship with the nominated Britisher—Allen in this case—looking on.

SOLDIER RELEASED FOR ASIAN TENNIS

LONDON, Nov. 5 (PTI).

Private John Horn, one of Britain's best young lawn tennis players, will compete in the Championships of Asia this month by permission of the British Army Council.

His release from army training follows a similar concession to young cricketer Brian Close for the M.C.C. tour of Australia.

With Britain struggling to recapture her sports prestige abroad, the army's imaginative co-operation has been much appreciated by the respective sporting bodies.

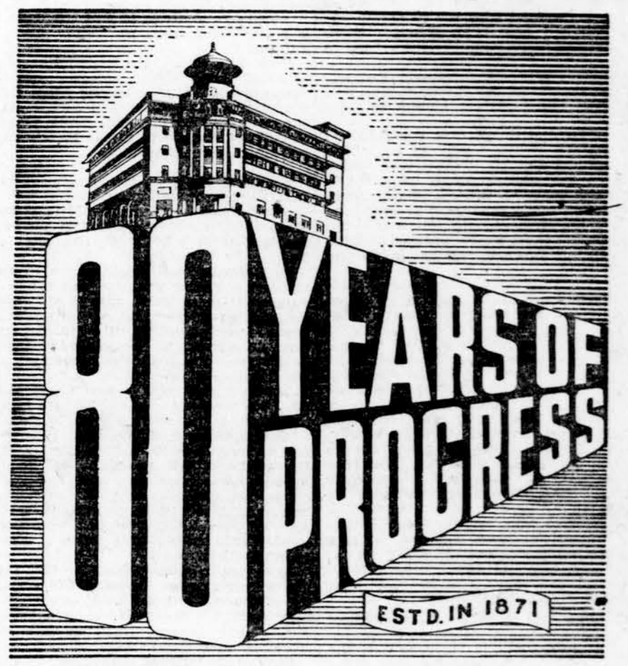
Earlier this year the Army deferred Horn's call up so that he could play in the French Championships, gave him another extension for Wimbledon and further grace to compete in the major United States Tournaments.

R

RESTRICTIONS ON MANUFACTURE OF POHAS AND KURMURAS

THE Government of Bombay has noticed during the last few years a growing tendency on the part of the poha and kurmura Manufacturers especially in the paddy growing districts of the State to obtain every year progressively larger stocks of paddy from private in addition to the stocks given to them by Government for the purpose of manufacturing pohas and kurmuras. This has to a considerable extent, effected Government's procurement of paddy. In order, therefore, to put an end to the indiscriminate use of paddy for manufacture of poha and kurmura, thereby retaining for the ordinary consumption of the people the stocks of paddy that would otherwise have been diverted for manufacture of those articles, the Government of Bombay has issued an Order prohibiting the manufacture of pohas and kurmuras without a licence from the Director of Civil Supplies in the Bombay Rationed Area and elsewhere by the District Magistrate concerned. The Order has in the first instance been brought into force in the Bombay Rationed Area and the Thana and Kolaba Districts, with effect from 4TH NOVEMBER, 1950.

The Order has been published in the Bombay Government Gazette Extraordinary dated 4th November, 1950.



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During the year 1949 alone, a total sum of Rs. 42,01,321-14-3 has been disbursed to its policy holders and dependents and nearly 2267 families have been relieved of their financial worries. The total business at the end of 1949 exceeded Rs. 37,20,10,611 and its total assets exceed Rs. 10,07,00,000.

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Grim Fight For Runs In First 'Test' By Tourists

MANKAD DEADLY: TAKES 4 WICKETS FOR 39 RUNS

NEW DELHI, November 5. (PTI).

THE Commonwealth, after dismissing India for a poor 169, suffered a batting collapse losing half the side for 75 runs but recovered to lead by five runs for the loss of one more wicket at close of the second day's play today.

The Ferozeshah Kotla pitch, rendered damp by overnight dew, was taking a lot of spin almost from the beginning of the day's play. In the pre-lunch session the ball also kept low often. Knowledgeable quarters expressed the fear that the wicket might crumble badly by the fourth day.

In any case, it was apparent that the pitch was by no means a batsman's paradise as was claimed earlier.

Sonny Ramadhin, who opened the attack for the visitors this morning, wound off the Indian first innings within fifteen minutes, clean-bowling the remaining three wickets in ten deliveries for one run. Only two runs were added to the overnight total of 167.

The rival teams of the first cricket "Test" being played here were today introduced to President Dr. Rajendra Prasad at the Willingdon Pavilion fifteen minutes before the commencement of the play. He was photographed with the players and officials of the Delhi and District Cricket Association.

The President watched the game till a few minutes before lunch.

The teams were also introduced to the Deputy Prime Minister, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel during tea interval. He witnessed the game for about an hour.

The visitors opened disastrously losing Laurie Fishlock and Harold Gimblett the opening batsmen, when the total was only 36. The left arm spinner Vinoo Mankad and the medium-paced swing bowler Chowdhry thereafter bowled splendidly till lunch and the former delivered the visitors their biggest blow by having the West Indian wonder bat, Frankie Worrell, stumped cheaply.

MANKAD DEADLY

Mankad kept an impeccable length and controlled the spin and flight to perfection. Later he became often unplayable. He took the wickets of Jack Ikin and Ken Grieves in 4.5 overs after lunch at the cost of eleven runs.

Compared to India's position of five for 138 the Commonwealth were much worse off with only 75 for the loss of the identical number but the shorty stocky George Emmett and the Australian all-rounder Bruce Dooland retrieved them with a courageous 100-minute stand for 74 runs. Emmett, however, should have been out at the total of 74 for 29 when Hazare dropped him off Mankad. If this chance had been taken there might well have been another story to tell.

Mankad ultimately claimed Emmett for a valuable 55 but Dooland, who had survived some critical moments, went on to remain not out with 63.

FIELDING QUITE GOOD

India's fielding was of a high standard though there was still room for improvement, particularly in the outfield. Wicket keeper Joshi excelled when stumping Worrell and Ikin off Mankad, but he could have also sent back Emmett and Dooland, again off Mankad, but was a fraction too late.

Gimblett pulled a short one from Phadkar straight to Hazare at backward short leg and the Baroda all rounder, in attempting to bring off a hot catch, was hit on his left thumb. The chance was lost and the ball went for a four. Hazare went off the field for attention. The total then was seventeen and Gimblett was nine.

West Bengal's right arm medium paced swing and off break bowler, Nirode Ranjan Chowdhry, took charge of the Pavilion end attack. His first delivery, a full toss, was promptly crashed to the mid on boundary by Gimblett.

Chowdhry soon steadied his length and Gimblett twice escaped cocking him up to the cluster of short legs.

At thirtytwo the left arm slow Mankad took over from Phadkar and sent down a maiden to Emmett.

Gimblett drove inside to Chowdhry and edged a sharp catch to Joshi behind the stumps but Joshi missed the chance, the ball going for a four. Gimblett however was out to Chowdhry's next delivery. Gimblett attempted a big drive but Hazare, who had only then returned to the field, brought off a high catch at mid on. Gimblett had scored 19, including three fours, in the total of 36.

Like India, the Commonwealth had also taken a poor start. Their rate of scoring was also slow, their 36 taking them one hour to compile.

Frankie Worrell, the Tourists Skipper, came in and placed Chowdhry to mid on for his first run. Mankad, at the other end, was keeping an excellent length and flighting his deliveries well to send down three successive maidens.

Emmett edged Chowdhry to the screen behind to take the total to 43 in seventy minutes.

At that total the visitors suffered a grievous blow when Worrell was stumped off Mankad. The West Indian stepped out to smother Mankad's spin but was beaten by the ball that kept low and went through fast and Joshi broke his wicket in a flash on the off side. Worrell had scored only two.

Vinoo Mankad—he took 4 Commonwealth wickets for 39 runs.

Mankad had taken this valuable wicket before he had conceded any run in 3.2 overs.

The Visitors were now in a worse position than India having lost three for 43 as against India's three for 54.

The Lancashire left hand bat but right arm bowler, Jack Ikin joined Emmett for the fourth wicket with fifteen minutes play left for lunch.

Ikin swept Chowdhry past the short leg for a three and Mankad bowled another maiden. At lunch the total was 48. Emmett and Ikin were then batting with 16 and 5 respectively.

Chowdhry and Mankad continued the attack on resumption. Chowdhry attacked Ikin round the wicket and the left hander swept him to leg for a brace to signal the 50 in 98 minutes. Mankad opened with a maiden to Emmett. Ikin cut Mankad past point for three.

Mankad, however, had the left hander in the same over. Ikin stepped out to drive Mankad, was beaten completely, and Joshi shattered his wicket on the leg side smartly. Ikin had scored fifteen in the total of 59.

Mankad's analysis at this stage read: 8 overs, 5 maidens, 10 runs, and 2 wickets.

The Australian allrounder, Ken Grieves, filled the vacant crease. Emmett had been shaping very confidently with neat front-of-wicket play. Emmett stepped out and drove Chowdhry past extra cover and to the mid off, both for boundaries.

Emmett, however, received a life immediately after when he played inside a good length ball from Mankad but Hazare in slips dropped the chance. Emmett then was 29 in the total of 74.

But Mankad claimed Grieves in the same over. After Emmett had taken a single Grieves faced him and was completely puzzled by a beautifully flighted delivery. Umpire Mohoni upheld an appeal for leg before without hesitation though Grieves appeared to be dissatisfied. (75-5-3).

Mankad had now taken three wickets in 10.5 overs, of which six were maidens at the cost of only 13 runs.

At the same total Phadkar returned for a second spell taking over from Chowdhry at the Pavilion end. Phadkar was breaking the ball from the off at medium pace and had both Emmett and Dooland in trouble. Emmett just escaped being stumped and Dooland nearly edged him twice when groping forward.

Dooland swept Mankad to the fine leg boundary and repeated the stroke for a brace. A few quick singles followed and at 98 the Holkar leg break and googly bowler, Nayudu, was introduced into the attack.

Dooland's pull of the new bowler was misfielded by Umrigar at deep square leg and sent for a four sending up the 102 in two hours and 35 minutes.

Mankad in the meanwhile was bowling with perfect command over spin and flight and sent down three more maidens in succession. He once nearly had Emmett stumped and Nayudu later got a very good ball past the same batsman without doing damage.

At 116 Mankad, who had bowled nineteen continuous overs for his three wickets, was rested and Hazare took over from him at the North end.

At 124 Chowdhry returned for another spell in place of Nayudu. Emmett pulled him past the short leg for a four to take the total to 128—the last twenty-six runs coming in just over forty minutes. The stroke also made the partnership worth 53 in just over an hour. With five minutes left for Tea Mankad, who had been bowling from the North end before, returned to the attack at the opposite end in place of Chowdhry at 138. Two runs later Nayudu was tried again in place of Hazare. Emmett and Dooland, however, remained unbeaten at tea with 49 and 45 respectively in the total of 141.

Mankad and Nayudu continued the attack when play was resumed ten minutes late. With a single off Mankad Emmett completed his half century after batting for three and a quarter hours. His score included four fours.

Mankad, who had forced Emmett to offer a chance when he had scored only 29 in the total of 74, eventually claimed him in his second over after tea. Emmett played forward defensively, but was beaten completely and a confident appeal for leg before was upheld. Emmett had scored 55 including five fours, in the total of 149. Emmett, in partnership with Dooland, had added 74 invaluable runs at a critical period in a hundred minutes.

With George Tribe as his partner, Dooland drove Phadkar to the off for a single to bring the total to 150 after the innings had lasted three hours and fifty minutes. Shortly after Dooland latecut Phadkar who had earlier taken over from Nayudu at the North end, for a single to reach his fifty after batting for 110 minutes. His score included five fours.

Mankad puzzled Dooland once with a beautifully flighted ball without causing damage. At 158 Mankad gave way to Chowdhry and went over to the North end from where he had bowled his first spell of nineteen overs and claimed three wickets.

The scoring rate had slumped again and Tribe took 34 minutes to score his first single.

At 164 Nayudu took over from Mankad, after he had bowled only one over—a maiden—after changing ends. Tribe welcomed Nayudu and swept him twice to leg for fours. The second hit took the total to 172 and the tourists had passed the India total with four wickets in hand.

At that total Mankad changed ends again, displacing Chowdhry at the Pavilion end just before close of play. Merchant's manoeuvres did not bear fruit and Dooland and Tribe remained not out with 63 and 9 respectively in the total of 174.

SCORE BOARD

INDIA (First Innings) 169

COMMONWEALTH (First Innings)

L. B. Fishlock c C. S. Nayudu b Hazare	6
H. Gimblett c Hazare b Chowdhry	19
F. Worrell st. Joshi b Mankad	2
G. Emmett lbw Mankad	55
J Ikin st. Joshi b Mankad	15
K. Grieves lbw Mankad	3
D. Dooland batting	63
G. Tribe batting	9
Extras	2
Total (for 6 wickets)	174

Fall of wickets: 1 for 13; 2 for 36; 3 for 43; 4 for 59; 5 for 75; 6 for 149.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O	M	R	W
D. G. Phadkar	18	5	38	0
V. S. Hazare	6	2	13	1
N. Chowdhry	16	1	51	1
C. S. Nayudu	11	0	31	0
V. Mankad	28	11	39	4

Dormer Meets Willmer To-night

RANGERS CLUB BOXING

BOMBAY, Sunday.

On Monday night at the Brabourne Stadium, Bombay fans will get another chance of seeing a real British Champion in action against a local challenger, when Charlie Dormer, the British International Lightweight, and recent conqueror of the great Ron Latham, takes the ring against that most accomplished and popular local champion, Ron Willmer.

For the first time, fans will have the spectacle of seeing two masters of the fistic art contest a 6 round contest. Willmer has an ideal style to bring out the best in the British champion and a classic contest is assured. Willmer holds the Indian and Western India Middleweight titles, but has never been anything but a light welter, and will enter the ring tonight weighing just 142 lbs, and will have an advantage of just a few pounds over Dormer. The winner will receive the lovely silver belt which has been presented for this bout by a local fight-fan, Mr. Hansraj Thakkar.

Though interest will naturally be centred on the Big Fight, fans are assured of a good supporting bill.

A. Thomas having backed out at the last minute, his place against P. Khatau has been taken by that stylish flyweight, Tich Kothare of the Rangers. Ken arnold (Rangers) meets H. Ferrier (B.E.S.T.) while M. Nissim and Gene Vandergucht ought to produce a really good hard fight.

Boxing commences at 9 p. m. sharp at the Stadium, and Mr. A. A Jasdenvala will preside and give away the trophies.

Tickets for all classes will be on sale at the Stadium from 10 a. m.

The following are the fights arranged in order:—

1. G. Mane (NNH) 127 lbs vs P. Barko (Dadar) 131 lbs. 2. Havildar Kelkar (113 lbs) vs V. Dias (116 lbs.) 3. R. Julian (109 lbs) vs S. Lalji (105 lbs), 4. Sam Jadav (50 lbs) vs J. Ashton (53 lbs), 5. T. Marolia (125 lbs) vs M. Aaron (126 lbs), 6. Rudy Adams (116 lbs) vs A. Sequiera (116 lbs), 7. M. Carvalho (142 lbs) vs Stkr./Mech. V. Long (140 lbs), 8. M. Nissim (125 lbs) vs Gene Vandergucht (122 lbs), 9. Havilar Janardan (136 lbs) vs Petty Officer Sharma (131 lbs), 10. Ken Arnold (147 lbs) vs H. Ferrier (148 lbs), 11. Tich Kothare (112 lbs) (Rangers) vs P. Khatau (Petits) 113 lbs, SIX ROUNDS INTERNATIONAL CONTEST. 12. Ron Willmer (India) 141 lbs. vs Charlie Dormer (Gt. Britain) 138 lbs.

In the Day's Sport

BOXING

Stadium

9 p.m. Rangers Tourney.

Delhi Race Results

FIFTH DAY OF AUTUMN MEET

NEW DELHI, Nov. 5 (PTI).

Favourites failed to oblige in majority of events on the Fifth Day of the Delhi Autumn Meeting held here this afternoon. Of the six events on the card four were won by outsiders.

Shail, a six to one outsider in the Sonepat Plate paid the highest dividend of the day for win, Rs. 93 winning the event by two and half lengths from Fillibuster. The favourite Eros was a poor third. Incidentally none of the punters could solve the nomination tote and a sum of Rs. 1,740 was carried over to the next race.

The third division of the Karnal Plate was annexed by Phuljhari, also an outsider, with Madhu finishing a length behind. Both these animals paid Rs. 1,265 as nomination tote.

Duffy, the only jockey to score a double today, steered the two favourites, Celerity and Bellona.

Rs. 480 being the net pool of the treble tote was carried over to the next meet.

The following were the results:—

THE KARNAL PLATE (Div. II)—(About 6 Furlongs):—Chakravarti (Mr. Santram) 8-11 Sumer Singh 1; Cheerful (Kumar Chiman Singh) 8-9 B. T. Duffy 2; Chandrashekar (Mr. Ram Parksh Kapur) 8-9 Mohd Khan 3; Lucky Glitters (Mr. Har Swaroop) 8-13 Kasim Hussain 4.

Not run: Partition and Padshah Begum.

Tote: Rs. 32 for win, Rs. 13 and Rs. 7 for places. Rs. 98 for nom.

THE PANIPUR PLATE—(6 Furlongs):—Sherinia (Mrs. Arwan Lal Agarwal) 9-2 Bhoopsingh 1; Steno (Mr. Prem Nath) 8-9 Mohd Khan 2; Ranjit Dulari (Mr. Khem Singh) 9-0 S. B. Raut 3; Pince O'Fairies (Kumar Chiman Singh) 9-3 T. Duffy 4.

Not run: Tinker Bell, Maharaj Pasand, Maqbul, Montessa and Annie's Choice.

Tote: Rs. 20 for win, Rs. 9, Rs. 25 and Rs. 14 for places. Rs. 452 for nom.

THE KARNAL PLATE (Div. I— 6 Furlongs):—Celerity (Kumar Chimansingh) 9-7 B. T. Duffy 1; Jam-a-Jam (Mr. M. A. Qadeer) 7-8 Bhoop Singh 2; Hardcash (Mr. J. W. T. V. Wooley) 7-9 S. B. Raut 3; Plucky Princess (Mr. M. Ebrahim Khan) 8-6 Kasim Hussain 4.

Not run Ramgali, Ramrattan and First Entry.

Tote: Rs. 6 for win, Rs. 6-8 and Rs. 12 for places. Rs. 37 for nom.

THE SONEPAT PLATE—(6 Furlongs):—Shail (Maharaja Pratap Singh and Baba Jagjit Singh) 7-1 G. Chawan 1; Fillibuster (M/s Ramji Lal Agarwal and Sarwan Lal Agarwal) 9-4 Bhoop Singh 2; Eros (Miss B. Hill) 9-4 M. G. Oswal 3; Bronzewing (Kumar Chiman Singh) 8-3 B. T. Duffy 4.

Not run: Horizon, Salamat, Gold Ribbon and Algiers.

Tote: Rs. 93 for win, Rs. 45 and Rs. 23 for places. Rs. 1,740 for nom. Pool carried over.

THE KARNAL PLATE (Div. II—6 Furlongs:—Phuljhari (Maharajpratap Singh) 8-3 Shersingh 1; Madhu (Mr. D. Nath) 9-3 Narayan Singh 2; My Krishen (M/s. Radha Kishan and Prem Nath) 8-12 Mohd Khan 3; Robert Moori (Mr. Mulk Raj Agarwal) 8-2 N. Lewis 4.

Not run: Aussie, Montessa and Kanpur Lass.

Tote: Rs. 32 for win, Rs. 9-8, Rs. 13 and Rs, 10 for places. Rs. 1,256 nom.

THE GHARUNDA PLATE—(7 Furlongs):—Bellona (S. Gurbhajan Singh Mann) 9-10 B. T. Duffy 1; Phulkari (Mr. Ishar Das) 8-3 G. Bahadur 2; Sweet Bee (Mr. Abdul Kadir) 8-6 Hayat Mohd. 3; Frazer (Mr. V. D. Seth) 7-0 Mod Singh 4.

Not run: Maharaj Pasand, Mystery, Ranjit Dulari, Kanpur Lass.

Tote: Rs. 13 for win, Rs. 6-8 and Rs. 8 for places. Rs. 41 nom.

SHELL TO MEET G. I. P. RLY.

Satiranjan Shield Football Semifinal

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Burmah Shell Sports Club entered the final of the Satiranjan Shield this evening when they prevailed over the giant-killers, the Dockyard Sports Club, by 2 goals to nil in the semi-final at the St. Xavier's College ground, Parel.

Shell started off at a fast pace. In the 4th minute they should have secured the lead when a beautiful pass from Maxie went abegging. However in the 8th minute Maxie opened their account when he beat Puthram with a powerful shot. A minute before the interval, Pinto put his side further ahead when he scored off a flag-kick.

The Dockyard, in the second half, had more of the game but were unable to score because of the grand work of Vaidya, Santiago and Agnelo in the Shell's defence.

Teams:—

SHELL: — Santiago; St. Anne D'Souza and Agnelo; Pullical, Vaidya and Francis; Michael, Middlecoat, Maxie Fernandes, Pinto and Hari.

DOCKYARD:—Putran, Kunder and Cardozo, S. Chowdry, Branganca and R. Tavares; Shetty, D. Chowdry, K. Lefeour, J. D'Souza, and Subanam.

Referee: Mokhle.

C-in-C's PARTY TO TOURISTS

NEW DELHI, Nov. 4 (PTI).

Gen. K. M. Cariappa, Commander-in-Chief, Indian Army, gave an informal party this evening to the Commonwealth and Indian Cricket teams where several high ranking army officers and their wives were present.

The Defence Secretary, Mr. H. M. Patel, Lt.-Gen. S. M. Srinagesh, Lt.-Gen. D. Russel, Maj-Gen. Sant Singh, Maj-Gen. Silkinson, Maj-Gen. Thimayya and Maj-Gen. Anis Ahmed Khan were amongst those who were at the party.

INTER-SERVICES SWIMMING

Individual Honours For Sawoo

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Inter-Services Swimming Championship of 1950-51 was held at the P. M. Hindu Baths and all branches of Arm Forces, Navy and Air Force took part. A heavy programme was gone through and a keen competition was witnessed in all the events that were held today.

Air Marshall R. Ivelaw-Chapman C.B., C.B.E., D.F.C., A.F.C., the Chief of the Air Staff and Commander-in-Chief, Indian Air Force presided and distributed the prizes.

The following were the results of the events held today.

800 YARDS FREESTYLE: L/K Damodaran Naik (S.C.) 1, L. A. C. Nilakantan (A.F.) 2.

200 YARDS FREESTYLE:—L/K. Rajaram Sawoo (E.C.) 1, L/K. Damodaran Naik (S.C.) 2.

400 YARDS FREESTYLE:—Sepoy B. M. Bose (W.C.) 1, Subedar Gangadharan Pillay (S.C.) 2.

100 YARDS FREESTYLE:—L/K. Rajaram Sawoo (E.C.) 1, L/K. Damodaran Naik (S.C.) 2.

100 YARDS BACK STROKE:—L/K. Rajaram Sawoo (E.C.) 7, Nilakantan (A.F.) 2.

100 BREAST STROKE:— Sepoy Raghuban Singh (W.C.) 1, Lt. K. I. Kumar (W.C.) 2.

100 YARDS FREESTYLE (Boys): Bhatacharjee (I. N.) 1, Shivratan Singh (E. C.) 2.

DIVING:— Lieut. T. Bakshi (I. N.) 1, Capt. C. L. Proudfoot (S.C.) 2.

MEDLEY RACE:— Eastern Command 1, Western Command 2.

TEAM RELAY:— Southern Command 1, Indian Navy 2.

Indianvidual Championship was won by L/K Rajaram Sawoo of Eastern Command.

More Sport News On Page 5

C. C. I. DRAW WITH ISLAM GYM.

Abdulla's Fine Century In Kanga League

BOMBAY, Sunday.

K. C. Abdulla had the distinction of scoring a magnificent century in the postponed match between Cricket Club of India and Islam Gymkhana in Division "A" of Kanga Cricket League at the Brabourne Stadium. The tie ended in a draw.

For Islam Gymkhana Abdulla hit up 108 runs which included thirteen fours. M. M. Mohiuddin and E. S. Maka contributed 30 each towards the total of 282 runs for seven wickets. Islam Gymkhana declared their innings closed at the same total.

In reply C. C. I. had made 167 for the loss of two wickets at the close of play. K. Bose and G. S. Ramchand made unbeaten 38 and 49 runs; while Madhu Amersey scored 38 runs.

For Islam Gymkhana M. M. Mohiuddin took both the wickets that fell for 36 runs.

The following were the detailed scores.

DIVISION "A"

Cricket Club of India drew with Islam Gymkhana at the Brabourne Stadium.

Islam Gymkhana:— K. C. Kasam 18, S. U. Kadri 16, K. C. Abdulla 108, E. S. Maka 30, M. M. Mohiuddin 30, S. K. Rattansey 25, F. Makwa not out 15, M. A. Latiff (Capt.) 1, A. S. Kadar not out 12, rest did not bat, Extras 27, TOTAL: 282 for seven wickets declared.

BOWLING ANALYSIS:— G. S. Ramchand 16-2-53-1; G. Sunderram 19-2-76-2; S. P. Gupte 22-3-81-4; V. C. Mashruwalla 3-0-20-0; C. H. Chandarana 4-0-25-0.

C. C. I.:— Madhu M. Amersey 38, J. A. Dadyseth 29, K. Bose (Capt.) not out 38, G. S. Ramchand not out 49, rest did not bat, Extras 13, TOTAL 167 for two wickets.

BOWLING ANALYSIS:— F. I. Makwa 5-0-12-0; I. N. Shaik 3-0-12-0; M. M. Mohiuddin 8-1-36-2; M. A. Latiff 10-2-41-0; S. K. Rattansey 7-0-24-0; K. C. Abdulla 5-0-29-0.

Indian's Beat Chinese XI

TOURING TEAMS WIN IN HONGKONG

HONGKONG, Nov. 5 (PTI-Reuter).

The Indian Soccer Federation team today beat a Combined Chinese XI by three goals to one before a crowd of 150,000 here.

All the goals came in the second half.

The Indians impressed by their speed and their precision passing which was a delight to watch.

Their three goals came in succession in the second half, Mewalall scoring two and Ahmed one.

Hongkong scored nearer the end through a penalty.

The Indian team was: Anthony, Papen, Manna, Latif, Nav Chandin Singh, Sammugham, Venkatesh, Nandy, Mewalall, M. Ahmed Khan, Thakurta.

KOTIAN WINS 10,000 M. WALK

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The 10,000 metres walking race organised by the Amateur Athletic Federation of Bombay was held this morning at the Oval.

R. A. Kotian looked a winner from the start and he completed the course with ease.

Innings Win For Globe And Greaves Cotton

VYAS' UNBEATEN CENTURY IN TIMES SHIELD CRICKET

BOMBAY, Sunday.

INDIAN GLOBE SPORTS CLUB AND GREAVES COTTON SPORTS CLUB WON WITH A VERY COMFORTABLE MARGIN OF AN INNINGS OVER THEIR RESPECTIVE RIVALS JAYABHARAT INSURANCE SPORTS CLUB AND LLYODS BANK SPORTS CLUB IN THE JUNIOR DIVISION OF THE "TIMES OF INDIA" SHIELD CHALLENGE CRICKET TOURNAMENT, WHILE MAY AND BAKER RECREATION CLUB HAD A FIVE WICKETS WIN OVER A.C.C. SPORTS CLUB "B" IN THE SAME DIVISION.

M. C. Vyas of Indian Globe had the distinction of scoring the only unbeaten century today and his colleague Victor Dias was rather unfortunate to miss his century by only 4 runs.

To D. M. Kapadia goes the credit of capturing 3 wickets for 3 runs, while R. Patel took 7 for 21 runs. Several other good performances with ball were also witnessed.

The following were the complete scores of the matches played today.

SENIOR DIVISION

Trade Marks Sports Club beat Bombay Port Trust Sports Club by 58 runs on the First Innings.

TRADE MARKS S. C.:— T. B. Vinod 28, M. R. Khan 40, R. N. Mehta, 1, M. P. Thakur 0, B. T. Ahir 8, G. S. Wagh 48, M. S. Naik (Capt.) 21, J. P. Sastri 1, A. C. Raikar 1, K. S. Mani 8, Abdul Rehman not out 0, Extras 15, TOTAL: 171.

BOWLING ANALYSIS:— G. S. Nanik 16-4-22-2, Y. B. Palwankar 29-9-41-1, M. P. Golwalla 3-1-8-0, R. V. Gavaskar 7-1-13-0, L. S. Padwal 4-0-12-0 V. L. Marketkar 16-3-43-3, D. Makhija 9-2-17-2.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST S. C.:— D. Bidaya 0. B. Patkar 6, I V. Khopekar 9, Y. B. Palwankar 4, A. J. Deepchand 8, G. S. Nanik 18, M. P. Golwalla 29, R. V. Gavaskar 11, D. Makhija 2, V. L. Marketkar 13, L. S. Padwal not out 4, Extras 9, TOTAL: 113.

JUNIOR DIVISION

Indian Globe Sports Club beat Jayabharat Insurance Sports Club by an Innings and 183 runs.

JAYABHARAT INSURANCE S.C. (FIRST INNINGS 52

...INDIAN GLOBE S.C. X (First Innings):— R. B. Mehta 0, J. P. Rajda 7, J. M. Jacob 39, V. Dias 96, M. C. Vyas not out 103, M. D. Bhatia 0, D. M. Kapadia 25, J. Mandes 0, L. Viegas 0, M. M. Modi not out 5, V. G. Vithal did not bat Extras 7, TOTAL 282 for 8 wickets declared.

BOWLING ANALYSIS:— K. L. Mane 24-3-90-6, A. B. Nunes 19-5-71-1, R. D. Angre 11-0-56-1, S. J. Parkar 4-0-23-0, G. S. Kothare 1-0-7-0, V. R. Haldankar 7-0-28-0.

JAYABHARAT INSURANCE S. C. (Second Innings):— G. S. Kothare 1, D. B. Oza 21, R. D. Angre 8, Sankad 2, K. L. Mane 3, V. R. Haldankar 0, S. J. Parkar did not bat, H. B. Desai 0, M. R. Ambekar 0, A Nunes 0, Vasoodeo 0, Extras 12, TOTAL: 47.

BOWLING ANALYSIS:— V. Dias 9-5-7-3, J. M. Jacob 6-1-25-2, D. M. Kapadia 3.4-2-3-3.

Bank of Baroda Sports Club beat Kamala Mills Cricket Club by 126 runs on the First Innings.

BANK OF BARODA S. C.:— F. Correa 34, Augustus D'Souza 1, S. V. Chapvalley 28, R. Gonsalves 56, M. K. Gupta (Capt.) 3, U. G. Kubal 33, B. V. Desai 4, Maxie Vaz 18, A. Perreira 8, N. D. Marolia 0, N. M. Paudwal not out 0, Extras 9, TOTAL: 194.

BOWLING ANALYSIS:— N. P. Kardekar 29-1-5-60 Domnic Cabral 20-9-16-1, C. Athaide 4-0-16-0, L. M. Patel 13-1-54-1, D. P. Mhatre 6-0-23-0, G. S. Padval 2-1-1-0, K. G. Vaze 6-1-15-3.

KAMALA MILLS C.C.:—A Mendonca 15, P. S. Subnis 0, L. M. Patel 14, C. Athaide 7, N. P. Kardekar 9, G. S. Padwal 11, H. Fernandes 0, K. V. Vaze (Capt.) 6, N. B. Bane 0, D. P. Mhatre 0, Dominic Cabral not out 2, Extras 4, TOTAL 68.

Bowling Analysis:—B. V. Desai 7-2-15-1; N. G. Kubal 13-4-22-3; Maxie Vaz 3-1-2-0; M. K. Gupte 9-1-19-6.

May and Baker Recreation Club beat A.C.C. Sports Club "B" by five wickets and 5 runs.

A.C.C. SPORTS CLUB "B" (First Innings) 75.

MAY AND BAKER R.C. (First Innings:—L. Gupte 14, K. P. Kumaran 9, B. F. Daruwalla 25, J. J. Siganporia 1, L. R. Subbramaniam 22, M. S. Hamand 52, N. S. Shete 8, V. D. D'Souza 4, V. R. Dixit 6, R. J. Lade not out 12, H. F. Tarapore 4, Extras 8, TOTAL 167.

BOWLING ANALYSIS:—W. T. Farnandes 27-6-72-3; A. H. Wadia 2-1-3-0; J. Suvarna 10.2-2-25-3; Mendes 15-4-35-2; F. Billimoria 3-0-12-0; G. Khimji 3-0-10-2.

A.C.C. SPORTS CLUB "B" (Second Innings):—C. S. Shete 49, G. Khimji 0, A. H. Wadia 2, W. J. Fernandes 13, R. R. Khanolkar 37, F. Billimoria 3, Mendes 12, J. Suvarna not out 8, Bhanap 1, Vazifdar not out 6, Extras 8, TOTAL 139 for 8 wickets declared.

Bowling Analysis:—B. F. Daruwalla 9-0-58-2; V. R. Dixit 4-0-23-1; L. R. Subbramaniam 4-0-22-2; M. S. Hamand 4-0-19-1; N. S. Shete 4-0-17-2.

MAY AND BAKER R.C. (Second Innings):—J. J. Siganporia not out 24, L. Gupte 0, B. F. Daruwalla 19, M. S. Hamand 0, N. S. Shete 0, K. P. Kumaran 0, L. R. Subbaramanian not out 3, Extras 6, TOTAL 52 for five wickets.

Bowling Analysis:—W. T. Fernandes 4-0-30-0; R. R. Khanolkar 5-0-16-5; Mendes 2-1-6-0.

Chartered Bank Athletic Club beat Indian Trade Sports Club by 46 runs on the First Innings.

Chartered Bank S.C. (First Innings) 128.

INDIAN TRADE S.C. (First Innings):—N. A. Naik 1, V. J. Satghare 5, J. R. Haldankar 0, N. B. Bhawe 24, H. L. Adur 0, M. R. Kamath 12, R. D'Souza 16, L. R. Chandavarkar 9, C. K. Deshpande 10, K. R. Kulkarni 0, N T. Putran not out 1, Extras 4, TOTAL 82.

Bowling Analysis:—L. Dhumesia 8-3-9-2; V. J. Satghare 12-3-24-3; K. V. Babrekar 19-11-13-1; D. K. Patel 8-2-9-2; K. H. Moralia 8-1-21-2; L. Jacinto 1-0-1-0.

Greaves Cotton Sports Club beat Lloyd Bank Sports Club by an innings and 40 runs.

LLOYDS BANK S.C. (First Innings) 84.

GREAVES COTTON S.C. (First Innings):—R. R. Vast (Capt.) 14, B. Fonseca 82, P. Colah 26, S. S. Karnad 31, T. N. Mukund Rao 12, M. L. Murdeshwar not out 22, D. Vessaokar 0, S. J. Gharat 2, T. N. Ram Rao did not bat H. M. Kapadia 1, N. R. Kapadiai 2, Extras 8, TOTAL 200 for nine wickets declared.

Bowling Analysis:—N. S. Gangoli 23-4-59-3, S. F. Doctor 9.5-0-36-2; D. E. A. Virley 5-0-16-0; P. K. Patel 7-0-36-0; R. N. Aldangadi 5-1-21-1; T. S. Apte 3-0-11-1; J. S. Damania 2-0-13-0.

LLOYDS BANK S.C. (Second Innings):—S. I. Jacob 7, J. S. Jacob 0, P. K. Patel 7, S. F. Doctor 17, R. H. Brightling (Capt.) 6, D. E. A. Virley 2, R. N. Aldangadi 0, R. S. Rees 13, N. S. Gangoli retired hirt 12, T. S. Apte 3, J. S. Damania not out 0, Extras 9, TOTAL 76.

Bowling Anaysis:—T. N. Mukund Rao 6.5-2-18-1; S. S. Karnad 12-2-27-5; N. R. Kapadia 6-1-22-3.

Killick Nixon and Co. Ltd. Cricket Club beat Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Cricket Club by 21 runs.

KILLICK NIXON & CO. LTD. C.C. (First Innings).. 124.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANK C.C. (First Innings):—M. N. Parulekar 2, S. G. Rane 18, P. H. Scoones 48, G. A. Stewart 3, P. M. Talpade 0, F. H. King 14, P. J. D'Souza 45, G. N. B. Haynes not out 10, P. J. Vijaykar 4, rest did not bat, Extras 12, TOTAL: 156 for eight wickets declared.

Bowling Analysis:—R. J. Dhokre 18-3-55-3; S. J. Dhokre 18.5-4-42-4; M. J. Salvi 5-1-10-1; N. R. Patil 2-0-21-0; K. K. Suvarna 3-0-16-0.

KILLICK NIXON & CO. LTD. C.C. (Second Innings):—R. F. Voss (Capt.) 48, R. F. Walsh 0, R. J. Dhokre 8, M. J. Salvi 26, W. J. Haygate 29, S. J. Dhokre 3, R. M. Rele not-out 3, R. S. Sanzgiri 21, rest did not bat, Extras 14, TOTAL: 152 for seven wickets declared.

Bowling Analysis:—G. N. B. Haynes 11-2-36-3; P. M. Talpade 7-0-34-3; S. G. Rane 4-0-24-0; G. A. Stewart 3-0-23-0; B. S. Phatharpekar 3-0-21-0.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANK C.C. (Second Innings):—B. S. Phatharpekar 0, M. N Parulekar 0, S. G. Rane 11, P. H. Scoones 21, G. A. Stewart 17, P. M. Talpade 12, F. H. King 0, P. J. D'Souza 5, N. B. Haynes not-out 29, P. J. Vijaykar 3, Extras 1, TOTAL: 99.

Bowling Analysis:—R. J. Dhokre 19-6-57-5; S. J. Dhokre 16-7-32-1; M. J. Salvi 2-1-1-1; R. F. Moss 2-2-0-0; N. R. Patil 2-0-8-0; N. F. Colabawalla 0.2-0-0-1.

B. I. G. Insurance and Allied Sports Club beat Kohinoor Mills Sports Club by 47 runs on the First Innings

B. I. G. Insurance and Allied S.C. (First Innings) ....89.

KOHINOOR MILLS S.C. (First Innings):—N. Thakkur 4, D. M. Daniel 4, N. Mhatre 0, R. L. Sahasrabudhe 0, P. V. Gupte 15, V. S. Kamle 5, P. P. Sarnaik 8, K. Keny 2, J. D'Souza 0, E. J. Samuel 0, A. Perreira not-out 1, Extras 3, TOTAL: 42.

Bowling Analysis:—R. Patel 7 4-3-21-7 R. S. Shedge 5-1-12-1; O. Demello 2-0-6-2.

B. I. G. INSURANCE AND ALLIED S.C. (Second Innings):—M. Dalal 31, V. Telang 18, R. Patel 14, C. V. Borker 11, F. H. Cheson not-out 17, O. D'Mello not-out 27, Extras 12, TOTAL: 130 for 4 wickets.

Bowling Analysis:—N. Thakur 4-2-8-0 Daniel 1-0-4-0; A. Perreira 9-0-26-0; Sahasrabudhe 10-1-32-0; Samuel 15-5-16-3; P. V. Gupte 5-0-10-0; Kamble 2-0-3-0; D'Souza 6-1-15-0; P. P. Sarnaik 1-0-4-0.

THIRUVENKADAM'S SEVENTH TROPHY

Mandaram Cup Table Tennis

MADRAS, Nov. 5 (PTI).

T. Thiruvenkadam won the men's singles title in the Mandaram Cup Table Tennis Tournament here today, beating P. K. Parthasarathy by three games to one in the final. The scores were 21-16, 21-12, 14-21, and 21-12.

This is Thiruvenkadam's seventh singles trophy for the season here and Parthasarathy had been his victim in five of these final encounters.

The twins M. S. Raman and M. S. Lakshmanan who are the inter-collegiate doubles champions, won the doubles title, defeating P. K. Parthasarathy and G. M. Ramkrishnan 21-19, 21-13, and 21-15.

LAMAS' LAND GOES 'RED'

(From V. C. Natarajan, PTI Staff Correspondent)

KALIMPONG, Nov. 5, (PTI).

TIBET, land of mystery and mysticism, has gone over to Red China "almost entirely", according to authoritative sources who are in close touch with developments in Tibet.

The departure of the Dalai Lama and Regent Takata Rimpoche from Lhasa for "an unknown destination", had paved the way for the Opposition Group in the Tibetan Government to take over control of the administration of the country, these sources said.

The sources add this group which called itself "the Reformist Section" of the Tibetan Government was headed by two high Tibetan officials, one of whom was Sawong Lama, one of the senior-most monk officials in Lhasa. This group desired an early settlement with the Chinese Government of Tibet's relations with China.

These sources could not say what the position Tsepong Shakabpa, Leader of the Tibetan Delegation to Peking and his colleagues would be in the light of the new development.

In keeping with tradition, Sawong Lama as senior monk official is at the head of the movement presently in Lhasa in the absence of Dalai Lama and Regent Takta Rimpoche.

These two leaders have been head of the "Reformist Group" trying to influence Regent Takta Rimpoche and introduce educational and land reforms for raising the standard of the masses. They also desired the Regent to recognise Kumbum Incarnate as Panchen Lama of Tibet as this step would ensure "spiritual unity" of Tibet.

As regards relations with Red China these officials desired the Regent to admit Chinese suzerainty over Tibet and allowing the Chinese forces to be stationed in Lhasa and reorganisation of the Tibetan Government forces by Chinese military advisers.

The position of Geshe Sherap Gyamtsu, Vice-President of the Tibetan Peoples Government set up early this year was not known. As Kumbum Panchenlama's right—and man, it was considered likely Gyamtso would become the Regent of Tibet after the entry of the Tibetan liberation troops in Lhasa. Gyamtso is former senior Lama of Garden Monastery, one of the principal monasteries of Tibet. Gyamtso who is reported to be of strong Communist leanings was expelled in 1947 from Tibet and he sought refuge in Kalimpong. His stay here was short. The Indian Government asked him to leave Kalimpong and Gyamtso went back to Lhasa from where he sought sanctuary in Reting Monastery. He fled to Tsunghat following the death of Regent Reting Rimpoche. He was one of the ardent supporters of late Regent Reting.

Gyamtso is scholar in philosophy, mathematics and well-versed in modern art of diplomacy. Gyamtso who is of Mongolian extruct knows Tibetan, Chinese, Mongolian and Hindi.

SUSPENSION OF RECOGNITION

Bihar Clarification

PATNA, Nov 4 (PTI): The Bihar Government has suspended recognition of the Bihar Police Association for such time until it elects a new executive committee.

A government press note, announcing the suspension, described as "misleading" a report published in a section of the press (not PTI) that the Association had been banned.

The note added that recognition of the Association had been suspended because the association had in its recent resolution not only cast uncalled for aspersion against Government and superior officers of the police but had also held out a threat to Government that grave consequences would ensue if they implemented a scheme drawn by the D I G of Police (administration) for eradication of corruption from the subordinate ranks of the police.

Pinks And Congressmen Fight: Police Use Lathi

BHAGALPUR, Nov. 5 (UPI).—According to a report received here from Shahkund, Congressmen and Socialists fought each other during polling in a district board by-election there. Police intervened and finding the situation almost beyond control made a lathi charge. Some people of both the groups were injured.

The Deputy Superintendent of Police has proceeded to the spot with an armed force.

Army's Contribution To Flood-Stricken

NEW DELHI, Nov. 4 (UPI): Over 55,580 articles of unserviceable army clothing, but in usuable condition, have been contributed by the Indian Army for distribution among the flood and 'quake victims in Assam as well as to those who suffered in the recent floods in Punjab (I) and Kashmir. This gift has followed the visit of the C-in-C, General K. M. Cariappa, to the devastated areas, when he expressed the urgent need for alleviating the distress of the stricken people.

Dacoits Kidnap A Young Man

KARAD (Dist. Satara), Nov. 5 (H.S.).—A young man named Ganesh Kulkarni was kidnapped by several robbers from his place of residence at Savade, a nearby village.

Some dacoits carrying spears and swords, it is stated, threatened the young man's uncle, to open the door at the dead of night. When the door was opened, the house was ransacked and Ganesh was kidnapped.

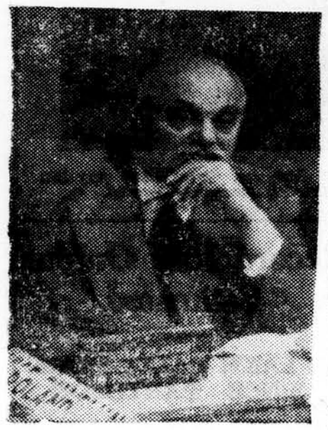
A Study In Expressions

BELOW is a six-shot study of the Jam Saheb of Nawanagar, who is chairman of the United Nations Administrative Committee. From the candid-camera-like expressions it would seem that the Jam Saheb is really an efficient conductor of meetings, as he is reputed to be.

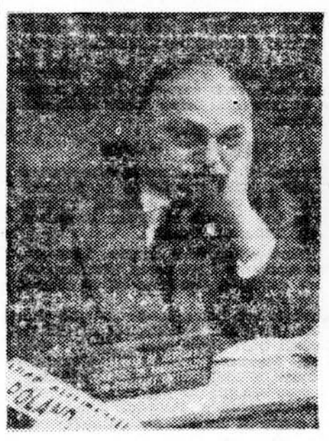
"Now I suggest we get on—a little faster, please."

"Oh, so you have something better to say on it?"

"But I insist—the point of order has no point at all!"



"Yes, yes, I suppose you're right, in a way. But will you kindly speak up?"



"All right, if you DO want to fight it out.....carry on, and wake me up when you're finished."

"Really? That's impossible! Yes, yes, Mr. Manuilsky, what then?"

Community Receiver Installations

A. I. R. STUDIES PROBLEM

NEW DELHI, Nov. 4 (UPI): The question of providing satisfactory community receiver installations throughout the country has been engaging the attention of All India Radio for the past few years and considerable study of this problem has been made by the community receiver section.

Another question that has been engaging the attention of A. I. R. engineers is that of the development of a suitable cheap receiver which is important for A. I. R. for widening its listening audience. A study of this problem has been started with a view to evolving a suitable design of such a receiver, taking into account particularly the broadcasting service that is being contemplated in the 8-year plan for the development of broadcasting in India.

The following are some of the other lines of research being conducted under the aegis of the various ministries of the Government of India and their research organisations:—

Experiments carried out at the Indian Central Sugarcane Committee proved that dusting and spraying of sugarcane crop with gammezane (d.025), a chemical insecticide, was useful for the control of termite, borer and pyrilla attack.

CHEAP COMPOST

Press mud and cane trash mixed in the proportion 1.3 and decomposed for a few months give a product containing over 1.5 per cent nitrogen, besides being rich in potash and phosphates. Experiments at the Indian Institute of Sugar Technology have established the utility of this mixture as a suitable manure which is economical, for it costs only annas two per pound of nitrogen. Secondly, it is locally produced and saves transport, and the bullock carts carrying cane to the factories can bring back press mud to the fields. The 94 lakh maunds of press mud produced every year in India can be utilised to give 1,20,000 maunds of good and cheap compost.

At the Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore, an apparatus for testing the model propeler fan has been designed and constructed.

Work is also being conducted on replacing carburettors with fuel injectors in petrol engines. This is found to give better engine performance and fuel economy.

A new method of preparation of paludrine has been discovered at the Institute and has been patened.

Car Runs Over Footpath

23 SHELTERLESS PEOPLE INJURED

BOMBAY, Sunday: A motor car, proceeding at breakneck speed along Kamatipura last night, lost control, mounted the footpath and ran over 23 persons sleeping in a row, seriously injuring some of them, it is reported.

Seventeen of the injured persons were admitted to the J. J. Hospital and the condition of six of them is said to be serious.

The accident occurred at about 2-30 a.m. when these persons, obviously shelterless, were fast asleep on the footpath.

The driver of the car, Kantilal Muljibhai, was subsequently arrested by the police on a charge of rash and negligent driving.

SCHUMAN PLAN IN SIX MONTHS

Britain Is Loyal, Says Author

ROME, Nov. 5 (PTI-Reuter).

THE French Foreign Minister, Robert Schuman today, refuted the idea that Britain had tried to sabotage his plan to pool European coal and steel production.

"The British have behaved with perfect loyalty", he told a press conference, after a meeting here of the Committee of Ministers of the Council of Europe.

"I fully understand that there should be hesitations about embarking upon a project that is entirely without precedent", he said.

But Europe was so split up that he believed it must have the courage to accept a limitation of sovereignty and a lowering of national barriers so as to create a European spirit and European institutions.

"We believe that in this direction lies the solution of the Franco-German problem", he said.

M. Schuman announced that he expected the Schuman Plan to go into operation within the first six months of next year. Final consultations between the six Governments forming the pool were likely to be completed next month, he said. The final project would then be submitted for discussion to the Parliaments of France, Western Germany, Italy, Belgium, the Netherlands and Luxembourg.

PLAN FOR ARAB UNITY

Syrian Premier's Mission To Riad

DAMASCUS, Nov. 5 (PTI-Reuter).

DR. Nazim Kudsi, the Syrian Prime Minister, left for Riad, capital of Saudi Arabia, today with a special message from the Syrian President, Hashem at-Atassi Pasha, to King Ibn Saud, it was officially announced here.

He was accompanied by Col. Fawzi Selo, Syrian Defence Minister and Abdul Fattah Yaso In, Secretary of the Saudi Arabian Legation in Damascus.

The announcement added that Dr. Nazim Kudsi would also discuss Arab affairs with the aim of strengthening co-operation among the Arab countries to deal with Arab and international problems.

The talks were expected here to clear the atmosphere about the attitude of the present Syrian Government to the "Fertile Crescent Plan."

(This plan, supported by Iraqi and Transjordanian Government circles in 1949, aims at the economic, trade financial, political and military unity of Iraq, Syria, and Transjordan.)

DEVELOPMENT OF BELGIAN CONGO

LEOPOLD VILLE (Belgian Congo), Nov. 4 (PTI-Reuter):—A twelve-man Mission is expected here shortly, to implement an Economic Co-operative Administration (E.C.A.), American Aid plan for the development of the Belgian Congo.

Mr. Robert Murphy, United States Ambassador to Belgium, said here that United States would give both financial and technical aid.

The ECA experts, he added, would be mainly concerned with road building, expansion of electrical industry and agricultural problems.

Red Demonstration In Brussels

BRUSSELS, Now 5 (PTI-Reuter).—Traffic in the centre of Brussels was brought to a halt for two hours today when some 2,000 Communists paraded through the city, demonstrating against the increase of military service for Belgian conscripts from one to two years.

The Communists ran a special motor coach service to bring demonstrators in from the provinces.

Engineer Flees From Soviet Zone

BERLIN, Nov. 5 (PTI-Reuter).—The West German newspaper "Welt Am Sonntag" reported today that Herr Alter Achenbach, Chief constructor of the Soviet zone locomotive works at Hennigsdorf had fled to West Berlin with his family.

He brought with him "all technical plans", the paper said.

Herr Achenbach had refused to turn the factory into a war production centre, the paper said.

GOLD TOUCHES NEW LOW IN KARACHI

Dealings In Ready Suspended

KARACHI, Nov. 5 (PTI): Dealings in ready gold were suspended indefinitely here this week as gold prices touched new low, owing in part to heavy smuggling of the metal into Pakistan by Arabs during the past two months.

Large number of pilgrims to Mecca have been passing through Pakistan during this period the peak of the Haj (Pilgrimage) season.

The Secretary of the Karachi Bullion Merchants Association estimated that Arab smugglers had brought into the country about 45,000 tolas (18,000 ounces) of gold in recent months.

The ready gold prices this week dropped to Rs. 88-8 a tola.

Customs officers at the Karachi sea port and air field have lately taken substantial quantities of gold from passengers, chiefly from Arabs travelling to and from the Persian Gulf.

Gold smuggling through Karachi is an illicit trade of long standing and customs officers here have become adept in searching travellers and their baggage

A favourite way smugglers conceal the gold is to keep it down their throats. Customs men keep suspects waiting and watch for signs of discomfort.

WAY TO CALCUTTA

Most of the gold smuggling from the Middle East to Pakistan is in the hands of Persian Gulf Arabs nominally engaged in legitimate trade, such as that in dates.

Much of the metal goes through East Pakistan to find its way eventually to Calcutta.

The metal may move with comparative freedom from the Persian Gulf region to the unprotected coastline of Western Pakistan and landed on the coasts of Makran or Las Belas autonomous states which though part of Pakistan are separate customs units.

Land boundaries of the two states with Pakistan proper are virtually unprotected and Pakistan's land frontier with India is too long and difficult for effective protection.

Once gold has been landed in West Pakistan it may be moved openly to East Pakistan and similar physical difficulties in Bengal in guarding the long land frontiers with India ease the smugglers' task of moving the gold to Calcutta.

ADULTERATION OF MILK WIDESPREAD

Marketing Adviser's Report

NEW DELHI, Nov. 4 (PTI): Adulteration of milk with water and skimmed milk is most common in India but some times cane-sugar and wheatflour are mixed to escape detection by the lactometer test, says the report on the Marketing of milk in the Indian Union, just issued by the Agricultural Marketing Adviser to the Government of India.

Adulteration is so widespread that consumers have become almost indifferent to quality, the report adds.

The enforcement of the Food Adulteration Acts which rests entirely in the hands of the Municipal authorities has been most unsatisfactory the report says.

The annual production of milk in India is estimated to be 4,816 lakhs maunds valued at over Rs. 354 crores.

The report states that milk production in India has not kept pace with the increase in human population. It is also believed that the milking capacity of the Indian cattle has deteriorated rather than improved during recent years. Most of the village cattle are semi-starved and badly managed. Better feeding and management of these cattle are likely to increase the output at least by 20 per cent.

CONSUMPTION

The average daily per capita consumption of milk including milk products in the Indian Union is about 5.45 ounces as compared to the prewar consumption of 41 ounces in the United Kingdom and 36 ounces in the U.S.A.

Among the steps stressed in the report for increasing milk production in the country are: Transfer of milch catte to essential areas for milk production, developing gowshalas as centres for milk production, stopping premature slaughter of useful animals, better feeding and management of cattle, strict quality control and organised collection and distribution of milk.

SUGAR STOCKS AND DESPATCHES

All-India Figures

NEW DELHI, Nov. 5, (PTI): The opening stock, production, despatches and the closing stock of sugar in respect of cent.a. sugar factories in the Indian Republic during the fortnight ending September 30, 1950, were 4,895,000 mds., 20,000 mds., 877,00 mds., and 4,038,000 mds., respectively according to the Indian Institute of Sugar Technology, Kanpur.

The figures for the corresponding fortnight of the previous season were 2,861,000 mds., 20,000 mds., 488,000 mds., and 2,393,000 mds., respectively.

Figures for the current fortnight relate to 130 factories representing 93.67 per cent of the total cane crushing capacity while the figures of the previous year relate to 116 factories representing 87 per cent of the total cane crushing capacity.

The total figures for the production despatches of sugar since November 1, 1949, are reported to be 26,452,000 mds., and 23,237,000 mds., respectively as against the corresponding figures of 27,175,000 mds., and 29,742,000 mds. during the previous season

CANE GROWERS MEET MUNSHI

Demand For Higher Prices

PATNA, November 5 (UPI): A deputation on behalf of the Bihar Cane Growers' Association waited on Shri K. M. Munshi, India's Food Minister, this afternoon and submitted a memorandum suggesting revision of the Government of India's decision to maintain the status quo in respect of sugarcane and sugar price.

The deputation was led by Shri Dip Narayan Singh, M.L.A. and Shri Nand Kishore Narayan Lal, M.L.A. President and Secretary respectively of the Bihar Sugarcane Growers' Association and Shri Bipin Bihari Verma, M. P.

The memorandum demanded fixation of cane price at Rs. 1/14/- per maund instead of Rs. 1/10/9 per maund.

MANUFACTURE OF KURMURAS

Licence Essential

BOMBAY, Saturday.

The Government of Bombay has noticed during the last few years a growing tendency on the part of the poha and kurmura manufacturers, especially in the paddy growing districts of the State, to obtain every year progressively larger stocks of paddy from private, in addition to the stocks given to them by Government for the purpose of manufacturing pohas and kurmuras. This has to a considerable extent, effected Government's procurement of paddy.

In order, therefore, to put an end to the indiscriminate use of paddy for manufacture of poha and kurmura, the Government of Bombay has issued an Order prohibiting the manufacture of pohas and kurmuras without a licence from the Director of Civil Supplies in the Bombay Rationed Area and elsewhere by the District Magistrate concerned.

The Order has in the first instance been brought into force in the Bombay Rationed Area and the Thana and Kolaba Districts, with effect from November 4, 1950

MANUFACTURE OF ARMAMENTS

Lucknow Conference Demands Control

LUCKNOW, Nov. 4, (UPI): A meeting of co-operative workers of the State, held here this morning under the presidentship of Acharya Narendra Deo, the Socialist leader, declared itself in favour of creating an "effective control over the manufacture, in every country of all types of armaments and all other instruments of war including atomic energy."

The meeting which was held on the occasion of the "International Co-operators' Day", also declared in a resolution that the standard of living in the under-developed countries could be raised by the promotion of co-operative movement" and that the members of the United Nations "in the spirit of the Atlantic Charter" should continue to strike harmoniously for the "principle of free access to the raw material resources."

Democratic Front Branch At Raipur

RAIPUR, (Madhya Pradesh), Nov. 5: (H. S.): A branch of the "Democratic Front" sponsored by Acharya Kripalani, it is learnt will be opened here, in the near future. The local non-ministerial group within the Congress which has suffered an unexpected defeat in the recent Congress election has, it seems, taken an initiative in the formation of this front.

The recent visit of a leading M.L.A., from the City, to Delhi, is reported to have been in the same connection.

The All India Motor Unions Congress has called a convention of motor transport operators from all over India to meet at New Delhi on November 10 to consider the transport policies of the Central and the States Governments and other allied subjects.

A LORRY'S FEAT!

Lorry climbs pile of wood in accident at Sewri when one person was injured.

DELHI PACT WILL NOT DIE

Pakistan Minority Minister's Hope

SYLHET (East Bengal), Nov. 5 (PTI): Dr. A. M. Malik, Minority Minister for Pakistan, said here yesterday, that the Delhi Pact was not a makeshift arrangement and it would not die a natural death on December 31.

Dr. Malik, was addressing a public meeting at Dakhadakshin village, about 19 miles from Sylhet, in the course of a three-day joint tour of the Sylhet, district with his Indian counterpart, Mr. C. C. Biswas.

The Minister said that there was no doubt that the dateline had been stipulated to facilitate the operation with regard to the return of migrants and restoring their properties and other allied problems.

The pact he added, was bound to continue to operate till the object for which it was signed by both the Prime Ministers was achieved.

Addressing the meeting, Mr. Biswas urged the majority community to do all in their power to restore conditions to enable the Hindus to return to their homes with confidence.

Earlier, Dr. Malik and Mr. Biswas visited the parental home of Chaitanya Dev in Dakhadakshin village.

REFUGEES SEEKING LOANS

Dr. Gidvani's Advice

(From Our Correspondent)

BANGALORE (By Mail).

Dr. Choitram Gidwani, President of the All India Refugee association told refugees here that as regards loan facilities the Central Government were paying Rs. 25 crores for the West Pakistan refugees every year for three years, ending in 1953, and they were certain of getting financial assistance out of that amount. But it was necessary that they should utilise the amount before asking for more aid.

In respect of loans over Rs. 5,000 he pointed out that he had been appointed a member of the reconstituted Rehabilitations Finance Administration Board, and he would see that the application for loans exceeding Rs. 5,000 up to Rs. one lakh were quickly disposed of.

Touching on property claims, Mr. Gidwani said that Central Government were bound to pay them something for their property left behind.

No Communal Label

(From Our Correspondent)

BANGALORE (By Mail).

The Bangalore Corporation has approved the opinion of the Advocate of the Corporation, suggesting the removal of appellations like Muslim, Hindu, and Brahmin in the name boards of hotels and restaurants and to suitably amend the by-laws of the Corporation.

U. S. ELECTIONS ON TUESDAY

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4 PTI-Reuter): About 40 million Americans would go to the polls on November 7 to elect all 435 members of the House of Representatives, 36 of the 96 Senators and 32 State Governors.

To gain control of Congress, the Republicans would have to retain their present seats and win control of seven Democrat seats in the Senate and 46 in the House.

Plantation Labour Bill Discussed

NEW DELHI, November 4.

The Industrial Committee on Plantations, which met here today, reiterated the necessity for a Planation Labour Code to regulate conditions of plantation labour all over the country.

The proposed Bill will apply to tea, coffee, rubber of cinchona estatts of ten acres and employing twenty or more persons. Workers in plantation factories will be excluded from the scope of this Bill, as they are already governed by the Factories' Act of 1948.

Representatives of employers criticised the Bill, as it did not include a provision for fixation of a basic minimum wage and complete directions on several matters.

Workers' spokesmen, on the other hand, supported the main principles underlying the Bill.

The clause by clause discussion of the Bill will continue to-morrow.

Locusts In Kenya Come Earlier

NAIROBI, Nov. 4 (PTI-Reuter):—Locust swarms have appeared in Northern Kenya "weeks earlier than expected," the headquarters of the Desert Locust Control here reported yesterday.

Weather conditions favourable to their southward movement are expected to occur in Kenya's semi-arid northern province.

Great dumps of poison bait are being prepared and a big mechanised scouting organisation is being developed for the coming battle.

JURIES GIVE PLACE TO ASSESSORS

MADRAS, November 4 (PTI).

The Madras Government have abolished the system of trial by jury in the District Courts of the State with immediate effect. The assessor system of trial will replace the jury system.

In Madras city, the jury system will continue for some time. As juries in city courts is a Concurrent Subject, the State Government has addressed the Government of India for permission to abolish trial by jury in Madras city also.

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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Congress Election Disputes

3-MAN SUB-COMMITTEE TO ADVISE PRESIDENT

NEW DELHI, NOVEMBER 5, (PTI).

THE CONGRESS WORKING COMMITTEE WHICH RESUMED ITS DELIBERATIONS HERE THIS MORNING DISPOSED OF A NUMBER OF ORGANISATIONAL PROBLEMS BEFORE ADJOURNING TILL NOVEMBER 22.

The Committee did not consider today the question of setting up of the Parliamentary Board which was on the agenda in view of the absence today of Pandit Nehru who had left for Bombay. This question is expected to come up before the Committee when it meets again next.

The Committee during its three-hour sitting today set up a sub-committee consisting of Seth Govind Das, Mr. B. S. Hire and Mrs. Pushpa Behn Mehta to advise the President in cases of disciplinary action and also certain election disputes.

The dispute from Etah District of Uttar Pradesh was referred to the Sub-Committee while the question of forming an election tribunal for the Nagpur P.C.C. was referred to Mr. D. P. Mishra, Madhya Pradesh Home Minister.

The Committee also decided to refer the question of amalgamating the Ajmer Provincial Congress Committee with the Rajasthan Provincial Congress Committee to the two P.C.C.s for their opinion.

The General Secretary of the Congress was asked to settle the question of setting up an election tribunal and credentials committee for East Punjab in consultation with the Executive Committee of the P.C.C.

DIRECTIVE TO P.C.C.

The President of the Kerala Provincial Congress Committee was directed to hold fresh elections to the election tribunal and credentials committee for Kerala if the facts mentioned in the complaint by some members of the P.C.C. were correct Otherwise, he should report the matter to the Committee.

Other matters discussed and disposed of by the Committee at today's sitting were:—

The All-India Congress Committee's resolution of February last suspending the voting rights of all those who had applied for effective membership of the Congress should stand. The A.I.C.C. resolution had suspended their voting powers only till the next session of the Congress but since amendments to the Constitution have not been yet finalised, the suspension is being continued.

Since the Andhra P.C.C. was not functioning, the elections to the Chicacole and Vizag District Boards should not be contested by the Congress but individual Congressmen would be free to contest the elections.

Mr. K. Kelappan's memorandum suggesting the creating of a separate Congress province for the Malabar District was referred to the Kerala P.C.C. and its six constituent D.C.C.s for their opinion while the question of bifurcating the Malabar Congress District would be referred to the Kerala P.C.C. and the North and South Malabar District Congress Committees for their opinion.

After considering the complaints of Messrs. Prithapa Guharoy, Amarkrishna Ghosh and Dr. Nripen Bose from West Bengal and also the report of Mr. Gokulbhai Bhatt and two others who were asked to conduct Congress elections in West Bengal, the Working Committee decided that there was no need for any further enquiry and the elections should stand subject to any individual complaints that might be heard by the Election Tribunal.

The existing provincial and district election tribunals in Andhra would continue to function till fresh tribunals are constituted in due course.

Excepting Pandit Nehru and Dr. B. C. Roy, all the members and invitees who attended yesterday's meeting were present today.

The Committee adjourned to meet again at 8-30 a.m. on November 22 at Sardar Patel's residence.

CONSPIRACY CHARGE: Eighteen employees of the Oudh Tirhut Railway and two businessmen of Chapra have been committed to the sessions on a charge of conspiracy for black-marketing and wrong movement of wagons.

NATIONALIST GOAN BEATEN UP IN LOCKUP

BELGAUM, Nov. 5, (H. S.): It is learnt Mr. Amarel D'Costa, a nationalist Goan who has been recently arrested by the Portuguese Government was severely beaten by the police, with a view to extract details of his activities. Mr. D'Costa was later removed to an unknown place.

He was arrested on account of his alleged activities for pro-merger movement of Goa.

FOOD DESPATCHES TO DEFICIT AREAS

NEW DELHI, Nov. 5, (PTI): During the week ended October 31, 1950 the Union Ministry of Food despatched 1,03,000 tons of foodgrains to deficit areas.

Of this Madras received 26,500 tons, Bombay 22,400 tons, Travancore-Cochin 13,750 tons and West Bengal 12,600 tons. Other areas received 27,750 tons

Ships Collision Off Walsouden

FLUSHING, Holland Nov. 5, (PTI-Reuter): The 7127-ton Panamanian ship Hawk and the 5438 ton French steamer Borce collided last night off Walsouden Southern Holland (about 20 miles from Antwerp).

The collision, at midnight local time, occurred as Hawk was coming into Antwerp and Borce was leaving the port. Both ships are aground and tugs were sent to assist them

Aga Khan's Visit To Rangoon

BOMBAY Sunday: (H.S.): His Royal Highness, the Aga Khan, it is gathered from the reports reaching here, will visit Rangoon between January 15 and 31, next year and not in December this year as it was previously announced. From Rangoon, the Aga Khan is expected to proceed to Bangkok, Singapore and Indonesia, where the Aga Khan, it is stated, would be accorded with hearty welcome by his followers

Mrs. Watumal Entertained

POONA, Nov. 5 (H. S.): Mrs. Ellen G. Watumal the Chairman of Watumal Foundation in America was accorded a grand reception here on behalf of the Sindhi community. Friday evening Mrs. Watumal arrived here from Bangalore the day before. The function took place in St Mirai High School, was attended by Maharshi Annasahib Karve; Sadhu T. L. Waswani and others. Mrs. Watumal in the course of her address appealed to the students of this country to strive hard for the village uplift. She exhorted the people of this country to utilise the knowledge of science in the day-today life of the common man. Exploration of the scientific knowledge is keenly felt in the villages, she said.

Gujerat To Take Up Sardar's Challenge

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 4.

It is reliably learnt from well-informed circles here that the Gujerat Chamber of Commerce will take up the challenge of the Deputy Prime Minister Sardar Patel who said that he was prepared to lift cloth control provided assurance came from the millowners and cloth dealers that the consumers would get cloth at fair price.

TRUMAN LEAVING U.N. ASSEMBLY

President Truman leaving the General Assembly Building after addressing the delegates. With him are the Assembly President Nasrollah Entezam (centre) of Iran and Mr. Trygve Lie U.N. Secretary-General.

TRIBALS ASKED TO JOIN CONGRESS

Assam Leaders' Appeal

GAUHATI, Nov. 5 (PTI): Nine tribal leaders of Assam in a printed appeal to their brother tribals have urged them to join unhesitatingly the Congress "which is the only organisation that could liberate the country from want and penury and which is a mass organisation striving for the betterment of the nation as a whole".

The tribal leaders who represented the different tribal sects of the state, have thanked the central and state governments for the various development schemes initiated by them for the uplift of the tribals and hoped that all of them would bear fruit in the near future.

Condemning the activities of 'reactionaries who have been trying to lead astray a section of the tribal population of the State', the tribal leaders have appealed to their kinsmen not to fall an easy prey to the propaganda of interested political parties who are preaching the doctrine of hatred and violence.

The signatories of the appeal are: Mr. Rupnath Brahma, M.L.A., Mr. Dharanidhar Basumatari, MLA., Mr. Khrsing Torang, MLA., Mr. Manishankar Basumatral, MLA., Mr. Robichandra Kachari, ex-MLA., and President of the Darrang District Tribal Sangha, Mr. Dhirsing Deuri, MLA., Mr. Bijay Chandra Saikia, MLA., Mr. Karka Chandra Dole, MLA., and Mr. Jogendra Nath Hazarika, M.P.

ABOLISH SOCIAL INEQUALITIES

Mr. Ansari's Plea At Muslim Conference

PATNA, Nov. 5, (UPI): The Bihar Provincial Jameeat-ul-Quresh (a backward section of Muslims) held its annual provincial conference here yesterday. The conference was presided over by Maulana Imamuddin Akbarabadi and inaugurated by Mr. Abdul Qaiyum Ansari, Bihar's Minister for Public Works. Mr. Jagal Choudhury, Excise Minister, addressed the conference.

Mr. Abdul Qaiyum Ansari, said that he too, as a member of another backward Muslim community recognised that a social order which denied social justice and opportunities to backward and oppressed sections of its people needed to be razed to the ground. "Freedom" he said "means nothing to those who are free to be oppressed". "But freedom", he added, "has given us a constitution for the country, guaranteeing equal rights for all and any person or organisation opposing equality of opportunity on communal or sectional lines is an enemy of the country who is subverting the constitution".

SABOTAGE IN PYONGYANG

Authorities Take Security Steps

TOKYO, Nov. 5, (PTI-Reuter): American Army Authorities today enforced rigid security measures in Pyongyang against a sudden outbreak of sabotage—including the wiping out of a complete city block by an incendiary bomb—according to reports reaching here.

Paratroopers were guarding all important intersections, bridges and approaches to the former North Korean capital.

Thousands of looters and other criminals have been arrested.

Some of them were believed to be former Communist soldiers or deserters from the South Korean army.

The saboteurs were believed to have been encouraged by recent United Nations military setbacks.

Paratroopers systematically searching the city have uncovered many caches of weapons, ammunition and explosives.

In one tunnel they also found buried eighty bodies, so decomposed that they could not be identified as either Americans or Koreans.

E. BENGAL REFUGEES NARRATE WOES

SILCHAR, Nov. 5, (UPI): Bitterly weeping women and emaciated men, numbering about 200, all of whom are refugees from East Bengal, yesterday narrated their miserable plight to the Controller of Relief and Rehabilitation of Cachar.

They informed him that for the last few days they had been almost starving in the village of Ramkrishna Nagar. They had no money to buy food and no relief had been offered by the Government. They also said they had trudged the distance of 44-miles—between Ramkrishna Nagar and Silchar—on foot, in order to be able to give vent to their grievances.

Some food was distributed among them and they were persuaded to return to their homes with a promise of help from the Government.

Coimbatore Merchants Want Superfine Yarn

COIMBATORE, Nov. 5, (PTI): The Coimbatore Handloom Cloth Merchants' Association had drawn the Government of India's attention to the "acute crisis facing the handloom sarees industry of Coimbatore owing to the short supply of superfine yarn". The Association in a letter to the Commerce Ministry requested the Union Government to consider their previous suggestion that imports of superfine yarn be permitted liberally to meet the urgent requirements of the country.

Record Jute Output Estimated

28 LAKH BALES MORE SINCE PARTITION

CALCUTTA, Nov. 5 (PTI): Mr, Sri Prakasa, India's Commerce Minister, said here yesterday that just output of the Indian Union this year was estimated at 45 lakh bales as against 17 lakh bales in the year of Partition.

The total requirements of Indian jute mills, now working at the rate of 42 and half hours a week instead of 48 hours a week previously, was 54 lakh bales.

Speaking about the possibility of concluding any fresh agreemtnt with Pakistan regarding jute, Mr. Sri Prakasa said that the Government of India were awaiting the final decision of the Pakistan Government on the currency issue.

FOOD POSITION IN HYDERABAD

Surplus State Goes Deficit

SECUNDERABAD, Nov. 5 (UPI): The Government of India have so far, from the beginning of the year allotted 62,000 tons of foodgrains, mostly wheat, to the Hyderabad State and has promised to keep a watch on the situation and render further help as and when necessary, a government spokesman said today.

During normal years, Hyderabad used to import 3,000 tons of rice and exporting 39,000 tons of millets. Owing to continued failure of monsoons and disturbed political conditions in the State, this position changed during the past couple of years. The area under millets and the general production declined so considerably that the State was unable to export any jowar or bajra to the neighbouring states, and herself became dependent on outside help to meet her own requirements.

With the launching of the grow more food campaign, the State has been striving towards the attainment of self-sufficiency by bringing under cultivation large areas, which have remained fallow from time to time. Efforts are being made to secure maximum advantage from tractor ploughing. Improved paddy seed and other seeds are also being distributed to give an additional yield.

Ex-Envoy Asked To Quit

HONGKONG, Nov. 5 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Leve Steventon, former British Consul at Mukden, has been ordered to leave China, Peking Radio announced last night.

The radio said Mr. Steventon's expulsion followed his alleged refusal to Chinese public security officials to construct an air raid shelter at the former British Consulate in Mukden.

Karachi Newsletter

PAKISTAN PREPARES FOR WORLD MUSLIM MEET

Colour Bar In The Capital

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

KARACHI, (By Airmail).

ARRANGEMENTS are now well in hand for the holding of the second sessions of the World Muslim Conference in January next. Although final decision has not yet been taken with regard to its venue, it has been announced that the Grand Mufti of Jerusalem will preside over this sessions, while it will be declared open by Pakistan Premier Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan.

It is proposed to hold an International Muslim Cultural Exhibition also on this occasion when exhibits of old scriptures, sculptures, coins, etc., will be displayed to depict the contribution made by Islam to the progress of the world during the past 1,300 years.

A long documentary film, depicting well-known Muslim structures, religious places and their kind would also be shown on this occasion.

COLOUR BAR?

Resentment is felt in local Muslim circles over the attitude of the Sind Club authorities who still continue to restrict the Club's membership to Europeans only.

It will be recalled, ever since its inception, membership of this Club has been restricted to Europeans alone. After the establishment of Pakistan, efforts were made by some Muslims to join it as members but uptil now they have not succeeded in their attempts. Accordingly, the matter is now reported to have been brought to the notice of the Pakistan authorities.

RAIL DEVELOPMENT

The Government of Pakistan, it is learnt, have decided to spend over Rs. 25 crores during the next six years on the improvement of railway communications in the country, particularly in East Pakistan, which suffered much during the war years and again after the partition of the sub-continent.

About 1,000 new wagons, 200 new engines, 300 new carriages and about 3 million sleepers and additional machinery for workshops are proposed to be purchased. Besides, new railway links have been surveyed and a number of lines and being constructed and restored.

CRIME WAVE

A total of 10,000 cases of crimes were registered with the police in Karachi during the past ten months which shows the extent of crime prevalent in the Pakistan Capital.

During the past month, however, as many as 1,200 cases were reported; giving an average of 40 crimes a day.

Efforts are being made to curb this crime wave and conferences of high officials have been held often. One of the reasons given for this abnormal increase is that the local police have no past records of the criminals who have migrated to Pakistan from various parts of India. Accordingly, the Government of India have been requested to transfer all the records of well-known criminals who have come over to Pakistan.

NATIONAL ANTHEM

It is learnt that the committee appointed to draw up the National Anthem for Pakistan has approved its score but had not yet decided on the lyrics suitable for the purpose.

Much work has been done during the past two years in this connection, and it is hoped that the Committee would now submit its final report in a very short time.

CURBING CORRUPTION

With a view to curb the growing tendency of corruption amongst the Government servants, it is proposed to use the Public Safety Act to bring to book and detain such of the corrupt officials who have been evading the law in the absence of direct evidence against them.

Instructions in this respect have already been issued by Kazi Fazlullah, the Chief Minister of Sind to the District officials asking them further to keep a strict watch over such Government servants who are found to be spending much more than their legitimate incomes as also those who own cars, radios and other luxuries.

COAL MINES

It is learnt that the Archaeological section of the Pakistan Government has been able to locate coal mines in Habibganj and Mymensing districts of Sylhet in East Pakistan.

The Archaeologists are now busy locating the 'proper places' in the area from which abundant supplies of good quality coal could be had immediately to relieve coal shortage at least in East Pakistan.

NEW BARRAGE

Considerable progress has been made during the past six months in the construction of the Lower Sind Barrage near Kotri, the second of its kind and the most ambitious irrigational scheme of Sind.

Erection of the right bank regulator and the construction of the right dividing wall have been started while excavations of the main barrage and driving of steel sheet filings in the stone rock on which the barrage will eventually be founded has begun.

The installation of the crushing and batching plant, to be used for aggregating the concrete, is nearing completion. This kind of plant is being used for the first time in the Indo-Pakistan sub-continent for such projects.

REFUGEE REHABILITATION

Sind has so far received seven lakhs of refugees, out of which 4,80,000 have been settled on evacuee land, says a press-note issued by the Government of Sind, giving outlines of the efforts made by the Sind administration to re-settle displaced Muslims who came to Sind for shelter.

The press note further adds that the rehabilitation of refugees was done by reducing the holding of old original Sindhi Muslim tenants, who used to cultivate Hindu lands to one half of their former size. It must be understood that the Hindu owners of agricultural land did not cultivate land with their own hands but employed Sindhi Mussalmans as haris and it is at the cost of such old Sindhi Muslim haris that we have allotted lands in Sind to the refugees. Besides, the Sind Government advanced a crore and a half of rupees as 'tacavi' loans to refugees to enable them to start agricultural operations. In addition, another Rs. 64 lakhs have been spent by Sind on relief to refugees uptil now.

GOLD SEIZED FROM AMERICAN WOMAN

Customs' Action At London Airport

LONDON, Nov. 5 (PTI): Customs officials have taken secret precautions to prevent unauthorised shipment of gold through Britain following the seizure of 20,000 sterling worth of gold at London airport on October 29.

The gold was taken from an American woman, Mrs. Bertha Echwartz, who was passing through London on her way from New York to Bombay. The gold had been left in customs bond in a black gladstone bag.

Information might be given to United States and Indian customs if they asked for it, a customs spokesman said.

Mrs. Schwartz, who missed her plane for Bombay and flew to Brussels on Monday, will have to face court proceedings before she can get her gold returned, the spokesman aded.

"The gold would become the property of the Crown within one calender month of the date of seizure unless she claimed it. If she did the customs would open court proceedings", he added.

Mrs. Schwartz would be able to appear in court here and state her case. No charge had up to now been made against any person in connection with this case. The customs were merely claimng the right to confiscate. The spokesman explained that there was no ban on the entry of gold into Britain But to take gold in transit through the counrty meant that an export licence had to be obtained. Mrs. Schwartz had obtained no such licence, he said.

Aid To 'War Of Resistance'

BERLIN, Nov. 5 (PTI-Reuter): Herr Otto Muschke, East German vice-Premier, announced yesterday the Soviet Zone Government had given 2,872,000 East marks to "fight a war of resistance in West Germany", the West German news agency reported.

Speaking at the opening of the first German "Peace Congress" in East Berlin, he said the Government had made these funds available to the German "Peace" Committee, to fight the war of resistance—"with pointed determination".

GERMAN REARMAMENT DIFFERENCES

Compromise Efforts To Be Renewed

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5 (PTI-Reuter): Diplomatic and military chiefs of the twelve North Atlantic Pact powers will renew their efforts here next week to find a compromise in the dispute over German rearmament.

M. Jules Moch, French Defence Minister, has stated that France would never agree to the creation of German army divisions. Both France and the other powers are agreed that there shall be no German national army, general staff or heavy war industries.

The main differences, therefore, boil down to the size of the unit within which German troops shall be incorporated in the planned European army and the French desire for a partially federated structure for political control over the army.

RELIEF: The Indian Army parachute rescue party will carry out a six-week relief operation in the recently flood-devastated Pasighat area of Assam. It will soon visit Damroh 26 miles north-west of Pasighat.

MUTT AND JEFF—Nothing Like Taking Plenty Of Precautions

By BUD FISHER

WHEN IS THAT LITTLE BOOB GOIN' TO BED? IT'S 3 A.M.--- OH, JEFF!
?
NOW LET ME SEE THERE ARE TWO WINDOWS AND TWO DOORS!
THIS DOOR SWINGS OUT AND THIS ONE SWINGS IN AND THE STAIRWAY IS TEN FEET FROM THIS DOOR!
WHAT'RE YOU DOIN'?
IM MAKIN' MYSELF FAMILIAR WITH MR. GOMEZ'S HOUSE!
WHAT FOR?
I'M GONNA ASK HIM IF I CAN MARRY HIS DAUGHTER--
THE FIRE ESCAPE IS HERE AND---
?

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